June 27, 2024

Delta Stewardship Council



DELTA CONVEYANCE PROJECT

Cost Estimate and Benefit Cost Analysis

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Delta Conveyance Design & Construction Authority

Modernizing California's Water Infrastructure



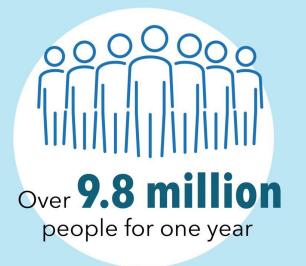


Agenda Item: 9 Meeting Date: June 27, 2024

January 1, 2024 - June 13, 2024

941,000 acre-feet of water = enough water to supply:





or



Cost Estimate



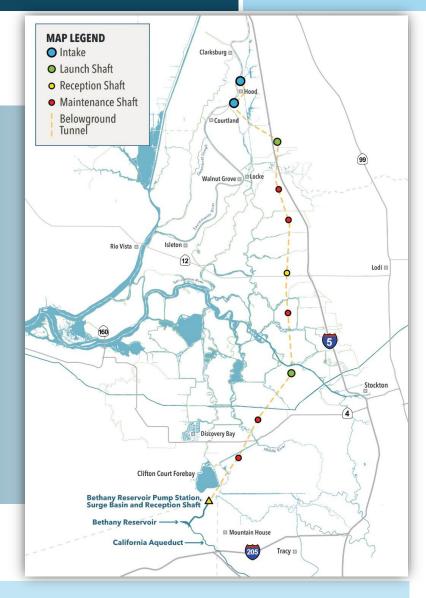


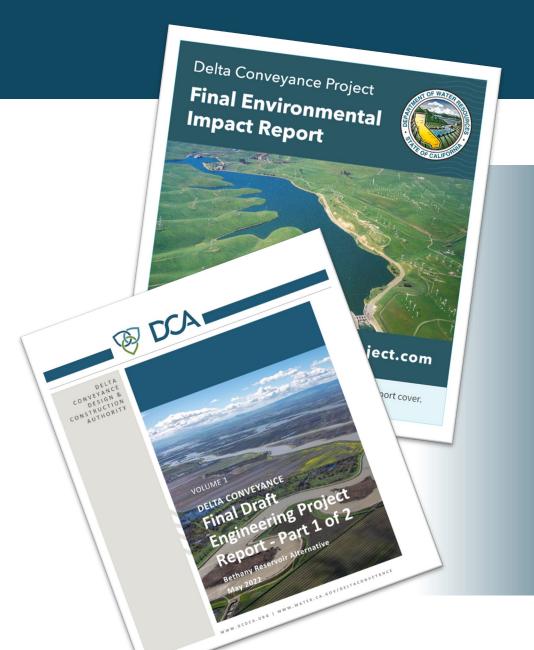




What did we estimate?

- > Two (2) new intakes in the North Delta
- > Conveyance tunnel: 45 miles of 36-ft ID single tunnel, 11 shafts
- > New pumping plant, aqueducts and discharge structure connecting directly to Bethany Reservoir





Estimate Methodology



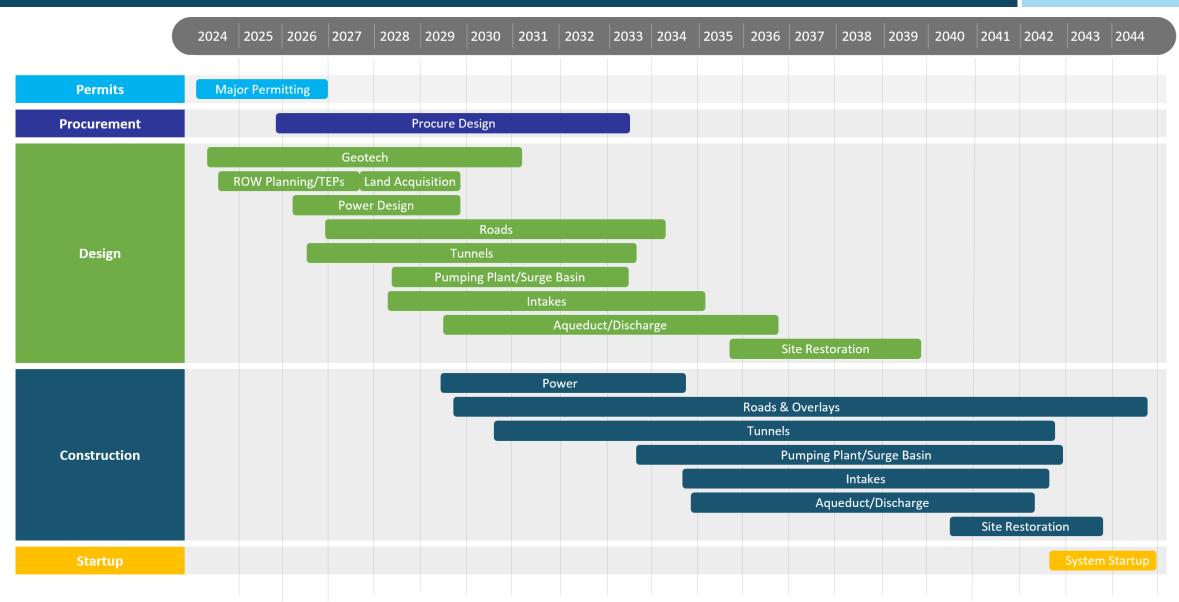


Agenda Item: 9 Meeting Date: June 27, 2024





DCP Schedule Summary







2023 Cost Estimate Update

- Independent construction est. prepared by DCA Design and Program Management teams – reconciled cost Δ ~2%
- Independent Soft Cost estimates, reconciled differences and aligned to Master Program Schedule
- Compared to the 2020 cost assessment corrected for inflation
- \$467M risk treatment costs included in construction est.
- Construction contingency = 30%
- Other Program Cost contingency = 0%, 15%, or 30% depending on item

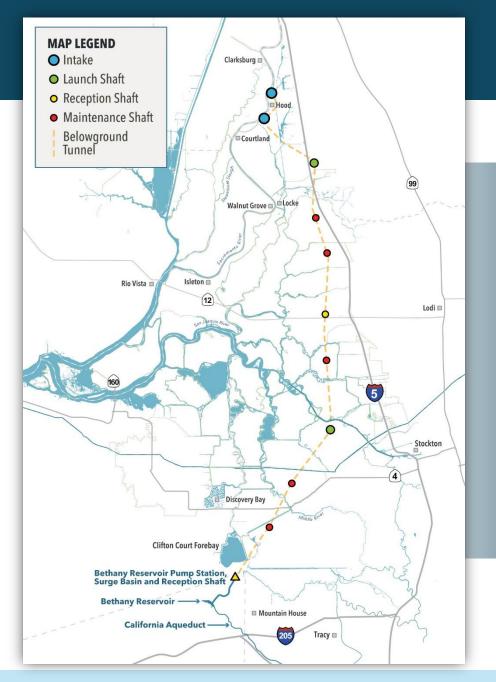
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Comparison to 2020 Cost Assessment

TOTAL CONSTRUCTION COSTS	BETHANY (2023) \$15,012,000,000	% Const Cost	2020 Assessment \$ 12,101,000,000	% Const Cost	*2020 in \$2023 \$15,346,000,000
Two Intakes	\$1,714,000,000		\$1,448,000,000		\$1,836,000,000
Tunnel and Shafts	\$6,353,000,000		\$ 4,473,000,000		\$5,672,000,000
Bethany Complex / Southern Complex Facilities (Forebay)	\$3,198,000,000		\$ 2,326,000,000		\$2,950,000,000
Utilities, Power and Logistics (Power for Bethany Below)	\$283,000,000		\$ 522,000,000		\$662,000,000
Construction Sub-Total	\$11,548,000,000		\$ 8,769,000,000		\$11,120,000,000
Contingency (30% / 38%)	\$3,464,000,000		\$ 3,332,000,000		\$4,226,000,000
Other Program Costs	\$5,108,000,000		\$3,800,000,000		\$4,827,000,000
Planning/Design/CM (Soft Costs)	\$3,328,000,000	22.2%	\$3,080,000,000	25.5%	\$3,906,000,000
DWR Oversite	\$426,000,000	2.8%	\$ 180,000,000	1.5%	\$228,000,000
DCA Program Management Office	\$668,000,000	4.4%	\$ 420,000,000	3.5%	\$533,000,000
DCA Engineering (Design and CM Services)	\$2,167,000,000	14.4%	\$ 2,420,000,000	20.0%	\$3,069,000,000
DCA Permits and Agency Coordination	\$67,000,000	0.4%	\$ 60,000,000	0.5%	\$76,000,000
Other Costs	\$1,780,000,000		\$720,000,000		\$921,000,000
Land Acquisition	\$158,000,000		\$ 320,000,000		\$416,000,000
Mitigation Program	\$960,000,000		\$ 400,000,000		\$ 505,000,000
Power	\$415,000,000		included above		included above
CCWD Settlement	\$47,000,000		\$0		\$0
Community Benefits Program	\$200,000,000		\$0		\$0
TOTAL	\$20,120,000,000		\$15,901,000,000		\$20,173,000,000



What are Innovations?





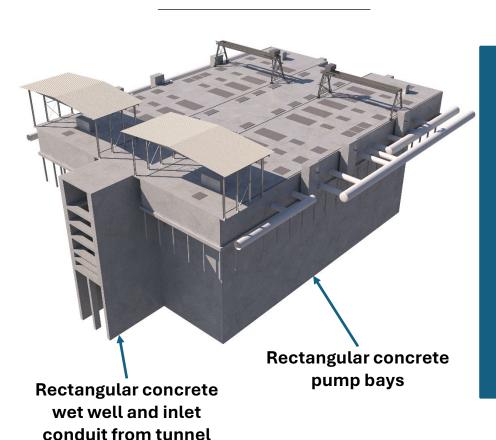
Agenda Item: 9 Meeting Date: June 27, 2024

Innovation Example – Bethany Reservoir Pumping Plant



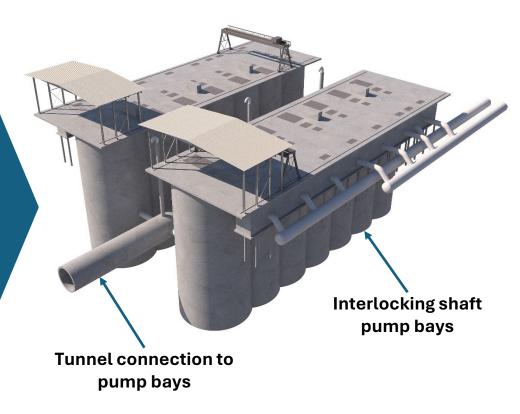
Agenda Item: 9 Meeting Date: June 27, 2024

<u>Innovation Design</u>



INNOVATION ADVANTAGES

- •Reduced quantities, saves:
 - 274,000 yd³ soil excavation
 - 84,000 yd3 concrete
 - 10,400 tons rebar
- Shortens construction schedule by <u>981 days</u>
- •Reduces direct construction cost by \$138,720,000
- No changes to above ground configuration or features







Comparison of Costs w/ Innovations

- proportion of risk treatment costs
- contingency %, labor %
- direct application of "other costs"

 Innovations reduce total project cost by \$1.23B, or 6% of total cost

	Total Project Cost Estimate (\$2023)	% Const	Total Project Cost w/ Innovations (\$2023)
TOTAL CONSTRUCTION COSTS	\$15,012,000,000	Cost	\$ 14,008,000,000
Two Intakes	\$1,714,000,000		\$1,678,000,000
Tunnel and Shafts	\$6,353,000,000		\$6,130,000,000
Pumping Plant /Surge Basin/Aqueduct & Discharge	\$3,198,000,000		\$2,703,000,000
Utilities and Logistics	\$283,000,000		\$ 264,000,000
Construction Sub-Total	\$11,548,000,000		\$10,775,000,000
Contingency (30%)	\$3,464,000,000		\$3,223,000,000
Other Program Costs	\$5,108,000,000		\$4,838,900,000
Planning/Design/CM	\$3,328,000,00	22.2%	\$3,106,000,000
DWR Oversite	\$426,000,000	2.8%	\$ 398,000,000
DCA Program Management Office	\$668,000,000	4.4%	\$ 623,000,000
DCA Engineering (Design and CM Services)	\$2,167,000,000	14.4%	\$2,022,000,000
DCA Permits and Agency Coordination	\$67,000,000	0.4%	\$ 63,000,000
Other Costs	\$1,780,000,000		\$1,780,000,000
Land Acquisition	\$158,000,000		\$158,000,000
Mitigation Program	\$960,000,000		\$960,000,000
Power	\$415,000,000		\$415,00,000
CCWD Settlement	\$47,000,000		\$47,000,000
Community Benefits Program	\$200,000,000		\$200,000,000
TOTAL	\$20,120,000,000		\$18,894,000,000

Benefit-Cost Analysis







The State Water Project

Service Area:

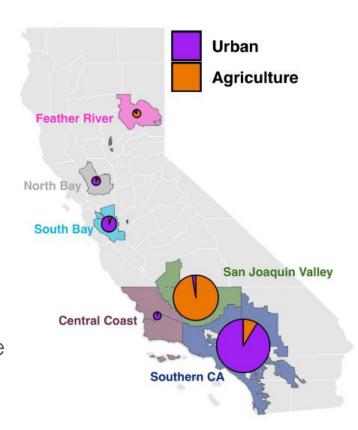
- 27 million people
- GDP \$2.3 trillion, equivalent to the world's 8th largest economy

Current Water Supply:

 ~2.56 million acre-feet per year (MAF/yr) of deliveries to urban and agricultural customers

Future Challenges:

- Climate change and sea level rise expected to reduce deliveries by ~22% by 2070
- Risk of extended disruption during seismic event





DCP Readily Passes the Benefit-Cost Test

Project Benefits:

- Water Supply Reliability and Quality: Offset negative impacts of climate change on water deliveries
- Seismic Reliability: Maintain deliveries even after major seismic events

Project Costs:

- DCA Cost estimate (discounted)
- + additional O&M costs and environmental impacts

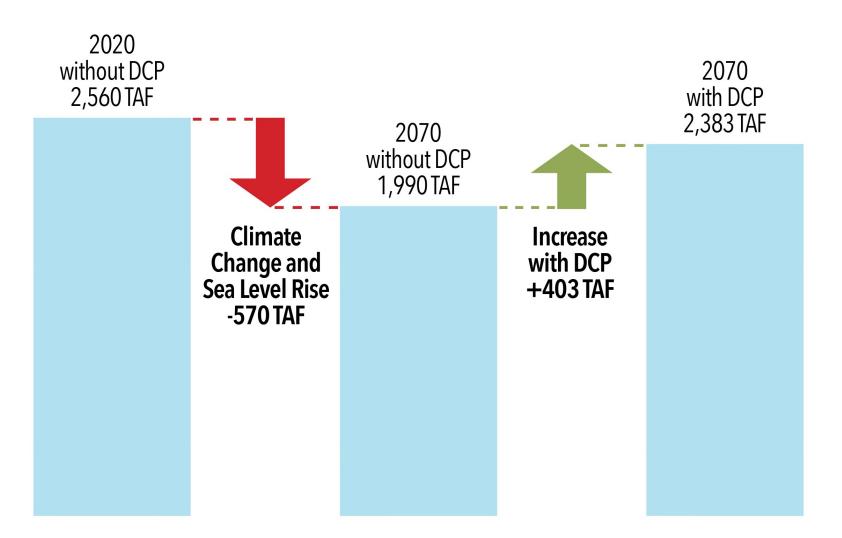
Benefit Cost Ratio: 2.20

- Passes the Benefit-Cost Test
- Every \$1 spent = \$2.20 gained



Water Supply Benefits

State Water Project Deliveries:





Water Supply Benefits

- More SWP deliveries allow agencies to:
 - Fill storage more frequently
 - Enter drought periods with higher reserves
 - Impose fewer periods of mandatory rationing
 - Reduce severity and frequency of shortages
- Urban: measured as consumers' willingness to pay to avoid shortages
 - Economic impact based on peer-reviewed economic models
- Ag: based on widely-used SWAP model and water market transaction data



Water Quality Benefits

Benefits of reduced salinity for SWP contractors
 outweigh costs of 'less than significant' increase in
 Delta salinity

Salinity Impacts:

- Urban: Reduces treatment cost, improves taste, useful life of appliances, cost of water softening
- Ag: More efficient water use; reduces use of irrigation water needed to flush salts from root zones



Seismic Benefits

 Avoiding disruption to statewide water supply during potentially significant earthquakes saves money and protects water quality

- Scenario Analyzed: Delta Flood Emergency Management Plan (2018) Scenario 1
 - 500-year event, 50 levee breaches & 20 islands flooded
 - Economic impacts assessed with water supply reliability and water quality models for urban and agriculture





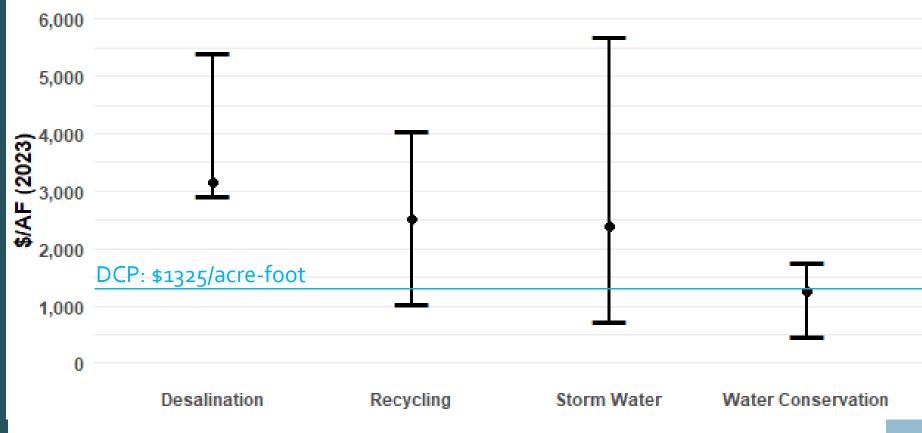
Positive Benefit-Cost Ratio Across All Climate Scenarios

Sensitivity Analysis

	Main Scenario	Scenario 1	Scenario 2	Scenario 3	Scenario 4	Scenario 5
	2070 Median 1.8' SLR	2070 Median 1.8' SLR & mitigation	2070 Median 3.5' SLR	2070 Median 3.5' SLR & mitigation	2040 Median 1.8' SLR	2040 Central Tendency 1.8' SLR
Benefit- Cost Ratio	2.20	2.20	2.63	2.45	1.78	1.54



Comparison to Alternative Supplies



Source: Sunding, Browne, Zhu (2023) The Economy of the State Water Project Constructed using data from previous studies by the Pacific Institute, PPIC and CPUC and updated for inflation DCP cost does not include South-of-Delta conveyance



Cost of Doing Nothing

Cost of Inaction on Climate and Seismic Risk

- 22% reduction in deliveries by 2070 (570,000 AF/yr)
- Direct impacts of climate change and seismic risk:
 - Reduced reliability and flexibility for SWP operations
 - Water shortages and mandatory restrictions
 - Ongoing risk of major seismic disruption
 - Expensive alternative supplies
- Indirect Impacts (not evaluated):
 - **Higher rates** for local agencies
 - Impacts on employment and economic activity for agricultural economies in Central Valley and urban development in SoCal
 - Higher food prices
 - Depletion of groundwater resources
- The cost of inaction on climate and seismic risk exceeds the calculated project benefits



Other Permitting Activities

- State Water Board: Change in Point of Diversion
- CESA: DFW Incidental Take Permit
- ESA: USFWS/NMFS Biological Opinions for construction / operations
- NEPA: Army Corps of Engineers final EIS

Bethany Cost Estimate



Benefit Cost Analysis



Stay Informed



<u>deltaconveyanceproject.com</u> <u>dcdca.org</u>



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