

DELTA STEWARDSHIP COUNCIL: SEPTEMBER 2025 LEGISLATIVE REPORT

California State Legislature

Highlight – New bill, amended, or other action of note since last Council meeting

Support

SB 650 (CABALDON D) THE SACRAMENTO-SAN JOAQUIN DELTA REFORM ACT OF 2009.

Enrollment: 9/9/2025

Status: 9/9/2025-Enrolled and presented to the Governor at 2 p.m.

Location: 9/17/2025-A. ENROLLED.

Summary: The Sacramento-San Joaquin Delta Reform Act of 2009 provides that it is the intent of the Legislature to provide for the sustainable management of the Sacramento-San Joaquin Delta ecosystem, to provide for a more reliable water supply for the state, to protect and enhance the quality of water supply from the Delta, as defined, and to establish a governance structure that will direct efforts across state agencies to develop a legally enforceable Delta Plan. This bill would make the provisions of the Delta Plan severable.

Calendar: 9/3/2025 #82 - ENGROSSING AND ENROLLING SENATE BILLS (Floor Mgr. - Flora)

Bills of Interest

AB 43 (SCHULTZ D) WILD AND SCENIC RIVERS.

Introduced: 12/2/2024

Status: 9/9/2025- Enrolled and presented to the Governor at 3 p.m.

Location: 9/17/2025-S. ENROLLED.

Summary: Current law requires the Secretary of the Natural Resources Agency to take specified actions relating to the addition of rivers or segments of rivers to the

state's wild and scenic rivers system if, among other things, the federal government enacts a statute that, upon enactment, would require the removal or delisting of any river or segment of a river in the state that was included in the national wild and scenic rivers system and not in the state wild and scenic rivers system. Current law authorizes, only until December 31, 2025, the secretary to take action under these provisions to add a river or segment of a river to the state wild and scenic rivers system. Current law requires those actions to remain in effect until December 31, 2025, except as otherwise provided. This bill would indefinitely extend the date by which the secretary is authorized to take the specified actions relating to the addition of rivers or segments of rivers to the state's wild and scenic rivers system, as described above.

Calendar: 9/9/2025 #107 ENGROSSING AND ENROLLING (Floor Mgr. - Laird)

AB 454 (KALRA D) MIGRATORY BIRDS: CALIFORNIA MIGRATORY BIRD PROTECTION ACT.

Last Amend: 6/16/2025

Status: 9/11/2025- Enrolled and presented to the Governor at 4 p.m.

Location: 9/17/2025-S. ENROLLED.

Summary: The Migratory Bird Treaty Act is a federal law protecting migratory birds and allows states to implement additional regulations for their protection. In California, the Migratory Bird Protection Act made it illegal until January 20, 2025, to take or possess migratory nongame birds listed before January 1, 2017, or any birds added after that, except in specific cases. However, this provision will be repealed as of January 1, 2026. The new bill proposes permanently prohibiting the taking or possession of any migratory bird designated in federal laws before January 1, 2025, and any birds added afterward. This bill would repeal the provision effective January 20, 2025, making it immediately unlawful to take or possess these birds. It will expand the scope of certain crimes under the Fish and Game Code and does not require state reimbursement for local costs because of a specified exemption. The bill is set to take effect immediately as an urgency statute.

Calendar: 9/11/2025 #82 ENGROSSED AND ENROLLING (Floor Mgr. - Allen)

AB 524 (WILSON D) FARMLAND ACCESS AND CONSERVATION FOR THRIVING COMMUNITIES ACT.

Last Amend: 5/1/2025

Status: 9/10/2025- Senate amendments concurred in. To engrossing and enrolling.

Location: 9/17/2025-S. TO ENGROSSING AND ENROLLING.

Summary: The California Farmland Conservancy Program Act establishes within the Department of Conservation the California Farmland Conservancy Program. Current law authorizes the program to offer financial assistance, including grants or contracts, for projects and activities on agricultural lands, as defined, that support agricultural conservation and sustainable land management. This bill would require the department, in collaboration with the California Agricultural Land Equity Task Force, to establish the Farmland Access and Conservation for Thriving Communities Program in the department to provide financial and technical assistance to support agricultural land acquisition and protection. The bill would require the department, subject to specified requirements, to provide financial assistance under the program to qualified entities for the purpose of acquiring agricultural lands to transfer or provide long-term leases to qualified farmer participants, as specified.

Calendar: 9/10/2025 ENGROSSING AND ENROLLING.

AB 527 (PAPAN D) CALIFORNIA ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY ACT: GEOTHERMAL EXPLORATORY PROJECTS.

Last Amend: 7/7/2025

Status: 9/10/2025- Senate amendments concurred in. To engrossing and enrolling.

Location: 9/17/2025-S. TO ENGROSSING AND ENROLLING.

Summary: Current law establishes the Geologic Energy Management Division in the Department of Conservation, under the direction of the State Oil and Gas Supervisor, who is required to supervise the drilling, operation, maintenance, and abandonment of wells so as to permit the owners or operators of those wells to utilize all methods and practices known to the industry for the purpose of increasing the ultimate recovery of geothermal resources, as provided. Current law requires the division to be the lead agency for all geothermal exploratory projects for purposes of the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA), as specified, and authorizes the division to delegate its lead agency responsibility for geothermal exploratory projects to a county that has adopted a geothermal element for its

general plan. Current law also requires the county in which a geothermal project is located to assume the responsibilities of a lead agency for a geothermal exploratory project upon the request of an applicant, as specified. Current law defines “geothermal exploratory project” in part as a project composed of not more than 6 wells and associated drilling and testing equipment whose chief and original purpose is to evaluate the presence and characteristics of geothermal resources. This bill provides that “geothermal exploratory project” includes, among other things, equipment and activities necessary to establish interconnectivity between wells and reservoirs. The bill would, until January 1, 2031, exempt geothermal exploratory projects for which the county is the lead agency that meet specified conditions from CEQA. The bill would authorize the lead agency to require the project applicant to file an indemnity bond before it makes its determination pursuant to this exemption, as specified. The bill would require the lead agency, at least 30 days before the making the determination to approve or carry out a change in use pursuant to this exemption, to post a written notice on its internet website and at the project site. The bill would require, if the lead agency determines that the project is not subject to CEQA pursuant to this exemption, the lead agency to file a notice with the State Clearinghouse in the Office of Land Use and Climate Innovation and with the county clerk of the county in which the project is located, as provided.

AB 638 (RODRIGUEZ, CELESTE D) STORMWATER: USES: IRRIGATION.

Last Amend: 7/3/2025

Status: 8/29/2025-In committee: Held under submission.

Location: 9/17/2025-S. APPR. HELD UNDER SUBMISSION.

Summary: The Stormwater Resource Planning Act requires the State Water Resources Control Board, by July 1, 2016, to establish guidance for purposes of the act. This bill would require the board, by December 1, 2026, to develop recommendations for stormwater capture and use for the irrigation of urban public lands, as defined. The bill would require the recommendations to address, but not be limited to, opportunities for the use of captured stormwater for irrigation to offset the use of potable water, as specified, and recommendations for, among other things, pathogens and pathogen indicators and total suspended solids. Prior to approving the recommendations, the bill would require the board to solicit and receive written public comment on proposed recommendations.

AB 639 (SORIA D) DAMS: EXCEPTIONS.

Last Amend: 6/11/2025

Status: 9/11/2025-Enrolled and presented to the Governor at 4 p.m.

Location: 9/17/2025-S. ENROLLED.

Brief Summary: Current law defines a dam to mean any artificial barrier, together with appurtenant works, that does or may impound or divert water, and meets other specified criteria. Current law excludes from the definition a barrier that is or will be not in excess of 6 feet in height, regardless of storage capacity, or that has or will have a storage capacity not in excess of 15 acre-feet, regardless of height. This bill would additionally exclude from the definition of a dam a barrier that does not impound water above the top of a levee where maximum storage behind the barrier has a minimum of 3 feet of freeboard on the levee and is a weir, as defined, but would apply only to specified weirs named in the bill.

Calendar: 9/17/2025 #69 SEN ASSEMBLY BILLS – ENROLLED.

AB 707 (SORIA D) SAN LUIS AND DELTA-MENDOTA WATER AUTHORITY: B.F. SISK DAM RAISE AND RESERVOIR EXPANSION PROJECT.

Introduced: 2/14/2025

Status: 2/15/2025-From printer. May be heard in committee March 17.

Location: 9/17/2025 A - PRINT

Summary: Would appropriate \$455,500,000 from the General Fund to the San Luis and Delta-Mendota Water Authority for the purpose of funding the State Highway 152 Route improvements required to complete the B.F. Sisk Dam Raise and Reservoir Expansion Project.

AB 764 (GONZALEZ, JEFF R) BIRDS AND MAMMALS: NONGAME BIRDS: MUTE SWANS.

Last Amend: 6/25/2025

Status: 9/13/2025- JOINT RULES 62(a)(14) and 51(a)(4) SUSPENDED.

Location: 9/17/2025-S. APPR. SUSPENSE FILE

Summary: Current law provides for taking and possession of listed nongame birds without a hunting license if taken in compliance with specified requirements. This bill would allow, until January 1, 2031, a mute swan to be taken or possessed under similar circumstances as other listed nongame birds. The bill would encourage a person to report to the Department of Fish and Wildlife when they take or possess a mute swan.

AB 766 (SHARP-COLLINS D) STATE AGENCIES AND DEPARTMENTS: STRATEGIC PLANS: DIVERSITY, EQUITY, AND INCLUSION

Last Amend: 7/9/2025

Status: 9/11/2025- Senate amendments concurred in. To engrossing and enrolling.

Location: 9/17/2025-S. ENGROSSING AND ENROLLING.

Summary: The State Government Strategic Planning and Performance and Review Act requires each agency, department, office, or commission for which strategic planning efforts are recommended, as specified, to develop a strategic plan and to report to the Governor and the Joint Legislative Budget Committee by April 1 each year on the steps being taken to develop and adopt a strategic plan. The act requires the report to include a description of the elements to be included in the strategic plan, the process for developing and adopting the strategic plan, and the timetable for the plan's completion. This bill would require all agencies and departments subject to the Governor's authority to, for any strategic plans applicable, develop or update the strategic plan to reflect the use of data analysis and inclusive practices to more effectively advance racial equity and to respond to identified disparities with changes to the organization's policies, programs, and operations.

AB 869 (IRWIN D) STATE AGENCIES: INFORMATION SECURITY: ZERO TRUST ARCHITECTURE.

Introduced: 2/19/2025

Status: 8/29/2025-In committee: HELD UNDER SUBMISSION.

Location: 9/17/2025-S. APPR. HELD UNDER SUBMISSION.

Summary: Current law establishes the Office of Information Security within the Department of Technology for the purpose of ensuring the confidentiality, integrity, and availability of state systems and applications and to promote and protect privacy as part of the development and operations of state systems and applications to ensure the trust of the residents of this state. Current law requires specified state entities to implement the policies and procedures issued by the office. Existing law additionally authorizes the office to conduct, or require to be conducted, an independent security assessment of every state agency, department, or office, as specified. Current law requires every state agency, as specified, to certify, by February 1 annually, to the office that the agency is in compliance with all adopted policies, standards, and procedures and to include a plan of action and milestones, as specified. This bill would require every state agency, as specified, and subject to specified exceptions, to implement Zero Trust architecture for all data, hardware, software, internal systems, and essential third-party software, including for on-premises, cloud, and hybrid environments, to achieve prescribed levels of maturity based on the Cybersecurity and Infrastructure Security Agency (CISA) Maturity Model, as defined, by specified dates. In implementing Zero Trust architecture, the bill would require state agencies to prioritize the use of solutions that comply with, are authorized by, or align to federal guidelines, programs, and frameworks and, at a minimum, prioritize multifactor authentication for access to all systems and data, enterprise endpoint detection and response solutions, and robust logging practices, as specified. The bill would require the office's chief to develop or revise uniform technology policies, standards, and procedures for use by all state agencies in Zero Trust architecture to achieve specified maturity levels on all systems in the State Administrative Manual and Statewide Information Management Manual.

AB 900 (PAPAN D) ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION: 30X30 GOALS: LAND CONSERVATION: SCIENCE-BASED MANAGEMENT AND STEWARDSHIP.

Last Amend: 6/25/2025

Status: 9/11/2025-Enrolled and presented to the Governor at 4 p.m.

Location: 9/17/2025-S. APPR. ENROLLED.

Summary: Current law provides that it is the goal of the state to conserve at least 30% of California's lands and coastal waters by 2030, known as the 30x30 goal. On April 22, 2022, the Natural Resources Agency issued the "Pathways to 30x30

California: Accelerating Conservation of California's Nature" report and existing law requires the Secretary of Natural Resources Agency to prepare and submit an annual report to the Legislature on progress made toward achieving the 30x30 goal, as provided. This bill would require the agency, as part of the 2027 annual report on progress made toward achieving the 30x30 goal, to update the Pathways to 30x30 Report, and for the update to include, among other things, recommendations to increase and improve stewardship of 30x30 lands, including innovative ways to reduce barriers and increase federal, state, and local support for stewardship, as specified. The bill would require the update to be posted on the agency's internet website.

AB 1146 (PAPAN D) WATER INFRASTRUCTURE: DAMS AND RESERVOIRS: WATER RELEASE: FALSE PRETENSES.

Last Amend: 6/23/2025

Status: 8/18/2025-In committee: Held under submission.

Location: 9/17/2025-S. APPR. HELD UNDER SUBMISSION

Summary: Would prohibit the release of stored water from a reservoir owned and operated by the United States in this state if the release is done under false pretenses, which the bill would define to mean a release of water from a reservoir owned and operated by the United States in a manner that is knowingly, designedly, and intentionally under any false or fraudulent representation as to the purpose and intended use of the water. The bill would authorize the State Water Resources Control Board or the Attorney General, as provided, to bring an action for injunctive relief for a violation of the above-described prohibition. By expanding the scope of a crime, the bill would impose a state-mandated local program.

AB 1156 (WICKS D) SOLAR-USE EASEMENTS: SUSPENSION OF WILLIAMSON ACT CONTRACTS: TERMS OF EASEMENT: TERMINATION.

Last Amend: 5/23/2025

Status: 9/13/2025-In Assembly. Concurrence in Senate amendments pending.

Location: 9/17/2025-S. APPR. IN ASSEMBLY. CONCURRENCE IN SENATE AMENDMENTS PENDING.

Summary: The California Land Conservation Act of 1965, otherwise known as the Williamson Act, authorizes a city or county to contract with a landowner to limit the use of agricultural land to agricultural use if the land is located in an agricultural preserve designated by the city or county, as specified. The act authorizes the parties to mutually agree to rescind the contract in order to simultaneously enter into a solar-use easement if approved by the Department of Conservation, as specified. The term "solar-use easement" for these purposes means any right or interest acquired by a county, or city in a parcel or parcels determined to be eligible, as provided, where the deed or other instrument granting the right or interest imposes certain restrictions that effectively restrict the use of the land to photovoltaic solar facilities for the purpose of providing for the collection and distribution of solar energy and certain other incidental or subordinate uses or other alternative renewable energy facilities. This bill would revise the definition of the term "solar-use easement" to, among other changes, expand the authorized uses of the land under the easement to include solar energy storage and appurtenant renewable energy facilities. The bill would revise the conditions under which the land subject to a Williamson Act contract may be subject to a solar-use easement, as described above, to instead require the conversion of the Williamson Act contract into a solar-use easement for the term of the solar-use easement, rather than the rescission of the contract, if the Department of Conservation determines that the parcel is eligible to be placed in the easement, as specified.

ACA 11 (MACEDO R) CALIFORNIA WATER RESILIENCY ACT.

Introduced: 3/24/2025

Status: 3/25/2025-From printer. May be heard in committee April 24.

Location: 9/17/2025-A. PRINT

Summary: This measure, the California Water Resiliency Act, would require the Treasurer to annually transfer an amount equal to 1% of all state revenues from the General Fund to the Water Conveyance and Capacity Infrastructure Fund, which the measure would create. The measure would continuously appropriate moneys in the fund to the California Water Commission for its actual costs of implementing these provisions and for administering grants for the entitlement, repair, design, and construction of water infrastructure projects that will maintain or expand the availability of clean, safe drinking water for homes and businesses, and water for agricultural uses, consistent with area of origin water rights.

SB 31 (MCNERNEY D) WATER QUALITY: RECYCLED WATER.

Last Amend: 6/9/2025

Status: 9/9/2025-Enrolled and presented to the Governor at 2 p.m.

Location: 9/17/2025-ENROLLED.

Summary: The Water Recycling Law generally provides for the use of recycled water. Current law requires any person who, without regard to intent or negligence, causes or permits an unauthorized discharge of 50,000 gallons or more of recycled water in or on any waters of the state to immediately notify the appropriate regional water board. This bill would, for the purposes of the above provision, redefine “recycled water” and provide that water discharged from a decorative body of water during storm events is not to be considered an unauthorized discharge if recycled water was used to restore levels due to evaporation.

Calendar: 9/17/2025 -ENROLLED.

SB 72 (CABALLERO D) THE CALIFORNIA WATER PLAN: LONG-TERM SUPPLY TARGETS.

Last Amend: 4/10/2025

Status: 9/10/2025-Enrolled and presented to the Governor at 2 p.m.

Location: 9/17/2025-A. APPR. ENROLLED.

Summary: Current law requires the Department of Water Resources to update every 5 years the plan for the orderly and coordinated control, protection, conservation, development, and use of the water resources of the state, which is known as “The California Water Plan.” Current law requires the department to include a discussion of various strategies in the plan update, including, but not limited to, strategies relating to the development of new water storage facilities, water conservation, water recycling, desalination, conjunctive use, and water transfers, that may be pursued in order to meet the future needs of the state. Current law requires the department to establish an advisory committee to assist the department in updating the plan. This bill would revise and recast certain provisions regarding The California Water Plan to, among other things, require the department to expand the membership of the advisory committee to include, among others, tribes, labor, and environmental justice interests. The bill would

require the department, as part of the 2033 update to the plan, to update the interim planning target for 2050, as provided. The bill would require the target to consider the identified and future water needs for all beneficial uses, including, but not limited to, urban uses, agricultural uses, tribal uses, and the environment, and ensure safe drinking water for all Californians, among other things. The bill would require the plan to include specified components, including a discussion of the estimated costs, benefits, and impacts of any project type or action that is recommended by the department within the plan that could help achieve the water supply targets.

SB 224 (HURTADO D) DEPARTMENT OF WATER RESOURCES: WATER SUPPLY FORECASTING.

Last Amend: 5/23/2025

Status: 8/29/2025-August 29 hearing: Held in committee and under submission.

Location: 9/17/2025-A. APPR. HELD IN COMMITTEE AND UNDER SUBMISSION.

Summary: Current law requires the Department of Water Resources to gather and correlate information and data pertinent to an annual forecast of seasonal water crop. Current law also requires the department to update every 5 years the plan for the orderly and coordinated control, protection, conservation, development, and use of the water resources of the state, which is known as "The California Water Plan." This bill would require the department, on or before January 1, 2027, to adopt a new water supply forecasting model and procedures that better address the effects of climate change and implement a formal policy and procedures for documenting the department's operational plans and the department's rationale for its operating procedures, including the department's rationale for water releases from reservoirs. The bill would also require the department to establish, and publish on the department's internet website, the specific criteria that it will employ to determine when its updated water supply forecasting model has demonstrated sufficient predictive capability to be ready for use in each of the watersheds. The bill would require the department, on or before January 1, 2028, and annually thereafter, to prepare and submit to the Legislature a report on its progress toward implementing the new forecasting model and to post the report on the department's internet website. The bill would also require the department, on or before January 1, 2028, and annually thereafter, to prepare and submit to the Legislature a report that explains the rationale for the department's operating procedures specific to the previous water year.

Calendar: 8/20/2025 9 a.m. - 1021 O Street, Room 1100 ASM APPROPRIATIONS
WICKS, BUFFY, Chair

SB 427 (BLAKESPEAR D) HABITAT CONSERVATION FUND.

Last Amend: 5/23/2025

Status: 9/10/2025-In Senate. Ordered to engrossing and enrolling.

Location: 9/17/2025-A. APPR. ORDERED TO ENGROSSING AND ENROLLING.

Summary: Proposition 117, an initiative measure approved by the electors at the June 5, 1990, direct primary election, enacted the California Wildlife Protection Act of 1990. The act creates the Habitat Conservation Fund and requires the moneys in the fund to be used for specified purposes generally relating to the acquisition, enhancement, or restoration of wildlife habitat. The act requires the Controller, until June 30, 2020, to annually transfer \$30,000,000 from the General Fund to the Habitat Conservation Fund, less any amount transferred to the Habitat Conservation Fund from specified accounts and funds. The act, until July 1, 2020, continuously appropriates specified amounts from the Habitat Conservation Fund to the Department of Parks and Recreation, the State Coastal Conservancy, the Santa Monica Mountains Conservancy, and the California Tahoe Conservancy, and continuously appropriates the balance of the fund to the Wildlife Conservation Board. This bill would require the Controller to continue to annually transfer \$30,000,000 from the General Fund, less any amount transferred to the Habitat Conservation Fund from specified accounts and funds to the Habitat Conservation Fund until June 30, 2035, and would continuously appropriate that amount on an annual basis in the same proportions to the specified entities described above until July 1, 2035. This bill contains other existing laws.

Calendar: 8/20/2025 9 a.m. - 1021 O Street, Room 1100 ASM APPROPRIATIONS
WICKS, BUFFY, Chair

SB 470 (LAIRD D) BAGLEY-KEENE OPEN MEETING ACT: TELECONFERENCING.

Last Amend: 4/10/2025

Status: 9/16/2025-Enrolled and presented to the Governor at 3 p.m.

Location: 9/17/2025-A. APPR. ENROLLED.

Summary: Existing law, the Bagley-Keene Open Meeting Act, requires, with specified exceptions, that all meetings of a state body be open and public and all persons be permitted to attend any meeting of a state body. The act authorizes meetings through teleconference subject to specified requirements, including, among others, that the state body post agendas at all teleconference locations, that each teleconference location be identified in the notice and agenda of the meeting or proceeding, that each teleconference location be accessible to the public, that the agenda provide an opportunity for members of the public to address the state body directly at each teleconference location, and that at least one member of the state body be physically present at the location specified in the notice of the meeting. This bill would instead repeal these provisions on January 1, 2030.

Calendar: 8/20/2025 9 a.m. - 1021 O Street, Room 1100 ASM APPROPRIATIONS
WICKS, BUFFY, Chair

SB 598 (DURAZO D) PUBLIC CONTRACTS: LOCAL WATER INFRASTRUCTURE PROJECTS: CONSTRUCTION MANAGER/GENERAL CONTRACTOR PROJECT DELIVERY METHOD

Last Amend: 7/7/2025

Status: 9/5/2025-Enrolled and presented to the Governor at 2 p.m.

Location: 9/17/2025-A. ENROLLED.

Summary: Current law defines the Construction Manager/General Contractor project delivery method (CM/GC method) as a project delivery method in which a construction manager is procured to provide preconstruction services during the design phase of a project and construction services during the construction phase of the project. Under current law, the method allows the contract for construction services to be entered into at the same time as the contract for preconstruction services or at a later time. Current law authorizes the Metropolitan Water District of Southern California to utilize the CM/GC method for regional recycled water projects or other water infrastructure projects under specified conditions. Pursuant to existing law, certain information required to be submitted as part of the CM/GC method is required to be verified under oath. Current law makes the provisions described above pertaining to the CM/GC method effective only until January 1, 2028, and inoperative as of that date. This bill would, until January 1, 2031, authorize a local agency, as defined, upon approval of its governing body, to similarly use the CM/GC method for a regional recycled water project or other

water infrastructure project undertaken by the district to alleviate water supply shortages attributable to drought or climate change. The bill would require that authorization to apply to no more than 15 capital outlay projects for each local agency and would require a local agency to award a contract pursuant to the bill on a best value basis or to the lowest responsible bidder.

Calendar: 8/21/2025 #94 ASM CONSENT CALENDAR 2ND DAY-SENATE BILLS

SB 639 (ASHBY D) ZONING: SACRAMENTO-SAN JOAQUIN VALLEY.

Last Amend: 7/8/2025

Status: 9/16/2025-Enrolled and presented to the Governor at 3 p.m.

Location: 9/17/2025-A. APPR. ENROLLED.

Summary: Current law requires each city and county within the Sacramento-San Joaquin Valley to amend its general plan relative to the data and analysis contained in the Central Valley Flood Protection Plan, as specified and to amend its zoning ordinance consistent with the general plan. Existing law prohibits the legislative body of a city or county within the Sacramento-San Joaquin Valley from entering into a development agreement for property that is located within a flood hazard zone after the amendments described above are complete unless the city or county makes a specified finding. Among the possible findings, is that the local flood agency has made adequate progress on construction of a flood protection system that will result in flood protection equal to or greater than the urban level of flood protection in urban or urbanizing areas intended to be protected by the system, which, except as provided, shall be achieved by 2025 for urban and urbanizing areas protected by project levees. Current law similarly prohibits each city and county within the Sacramento-San Joaquin Valley from approving a discretionary permit or other discretionary entitlement that would result in the construction of a new building or construction that would result in an increase in allowed occupancy for an existing building, or a ministerial permit that would result in the construction of a new residence, for a project that is located within a flood hazard zone after the amendments described above are complete unless the city or county makes a specified finding. Among the possible findings, is that the local flood agency has made adequate progress toward the urban level of flood protection as described above. Current law similarly requires the legislative body of each city and county within the Sacramento-San Joaquin Valley to deny approval of a tentative map or a

parcel map for a subdivision that is located within a flood hazard zone after the amendments described above are complete unless the city or county makes a specified finding. Among the possible findings, is that the local flood agency has made adequate progress toward the urban level of flood protection as described above. This bill would include in the exceptions to the requirement that the urban level of flood protection be achieved for urban and urbanizing areas protected by project levees by 2025, specified areas located in the City of Marysville, the City of Sacramento, the County of Sacramento, the County of Sutter, and the County of Yuba that shall, instead, be required to achieve the urban level of flood protection by 2030.

Calendar: 8/20/2025 9 a.m. - 1021 O Street, Room 1100 ASM APPROPRIATIONS
WICKS, BUFFY, Chair

SB 675 (PADILLA D) CALIFORNIA ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY ACT: ENVIRONMENTAL LEADERSHIP DEVELOPMENT PROJECTS: STREAMLINING.

Last Amend: 7/7/2025

Status: 7/17/2025-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(10). (Last location was NAT. RES. on 6/16/2025)(May be acted upon Jan 2026)

Location: 9/17/2025-A. 2 YEAR

Summary: The California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) requires a lead agency to prepare a mitigated negative declaration for a project that may have a significant effect on the environment if revisions in the project would avoid or mitigate that effect and there is no substantial evidence that the project, as revised, would have a significant effect on the environment. The Jobs and Economic Improvement Through Environmental Leadership Act of 2021 authorizes the Governor, until January 1, 2032, to certify environmental leadership development projects that meet specified requirements for certain streamlining benefits related to CEQA. This bill would provide additional streamlining benefits to Waterfront Environmental Leadership Development Projects (WELDPs), as defined, that, among other specified conditions, are certified by the Governor and located on more than 50 acres of land and water within the Central Embarcadero Planning District of the San Diego Unified Port District within the County of San Diego. The bill would provide that the streamlining benefits include a requirement that the California Coastal Commission provide specific and substantive comments or objections for certain

documents within 60 days, as provided. The bill would require a lead agency or applicant to, within 30 days after the certification of the environmental impact report by the lead agency, file required application forms and materials for a port master plan amendment with the commission. The bill would authorize the commission, if a certain condition is met, to charge a fee to an applicant for the reasonable costs incurred by the commission for processing documents for review or the application of the WELDP. By placing new duties on local agencies related to the streamlining benefits, this bill would impose a state-mandated local program.

SB 697 (LAIRD D) DETERMINATION OF WATER RIGHTS: STREAM SYSTEM.

Last Amend: 7/3/2025

Status: 9/9/2025-Enrolled and presented to the Governor at 2 p.m.

Location: 9/17/2025-A. APPR. ENROLLED.

Summary: Current law authorizes the State Water Resources Control Board to hold proceedings to determine all rights to water of a stream system whether based upon appropriation, riparian right, or other basis of right. Current law provides various requirements for the board when determining adjudication of water rights, including, among other things, performing a detailed field investigation of a stream system, as defined, issuing an order of determination, providing notice and a hearing process, and filing a final order. This bill would revise the above-described provisions regarding the board's statutory adjudication of water rights during an investigation of a stream system to, among other things, require representatives of the board to investigate in detail the use of water with the authority, but no requirement, to conduct a field investigation, authorize the board, if the board determines that the information provided by the person, as specified, is inadequate, to issue information orders that require claimants to submit reports of water use from the stream system through a form provided by the board, and require claimants to respond to that order within 75 days of the date of issuance by the board.

Calendar: 8/20/2025 9 a.m. - 1021 O Street, Room 1100 ASM APPROPRIATIONS
WICKS, BUFFY, Chair

SB 856 (COMMITTEE ON NATURAL RESOURCES AND WATER) CALIFORNIA COASTAL ACT OF 1976: FILING FEE WAIVER: MARINE INVASIVE SPECIES ACT: BIENNIAL REPORTS: SEMIANNUAL UPDATES.

Last Amend: 4/21/2025

Status: 8/28/2025-Chaptered by Secretary of State. Chapter 102, Statutes of 2025.

Location: 9/17/2025-A. ENACTED.

Summary: The California Coastal Act of 1976 establishes the California Coastal Commission and requires any person wishing to perform or undertake any development in the coastal zone, as defined, in addition to obtaining any other permit required by law from any local government or from any state, regional, or local agency, to obtain a coastal development permit, as provided. The act authorizes the commission to waive the filing fee for an application for a coastal development permit. This bill would clarify the commission is authorized to also waive the filing fee for an application for a coastal development permit amendment. The bill would authorize the commission to, when the commission waives the filing fee for an application for a coastal development permit or permit amendment for a project meeting certain criteria, specify whether the waiver also applies to future applications for an amendment to the permit. The bill would also make various nonsubstantive changes and update erroneous cross references.

Calendar: 8/21/2025 #95 ASM CONSENT CALENDAR 2ND DAY-SENATE BILLS