

AB 1581 (KALRA D) DIVERSION OR OBSTRUCTION OF RIVERS, STREAMS, OR LAKES: LAKE OR STREAMBED ALTERATION AGREEMENT.

Last Amend: 4/7/2023

Status: 7/14/2023-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(10). (Last location was N.R. & W. on 6/14/2023)(May be acted upon Jan 2024)

Location: 7/14/2023-S. 2 YEAR

Summary: Would exempt certain individuals, public agencies, universities, zoological gardens, and scientific or educational institutions authorized to import, export, take, or possess any endangered species, threatened species, or candidate species for scientific, educational, or management purposes from the requirement to obtain an agreement with the department, as specified. The bill would instead require these entities to submit to the department a written notification, fee, and, if applicable, a copy of proposed environmental protection measures authorized by other agencies' programmatic habitat restoration permits, as specified. The bill would require the department to notify the entity in writing whether the exemption applies within 60 days from the date that the notification is complete and the fee has been paid. Because a violation of this provision would be a crime, the bill would impose a state-mandated local program.

Next Deadline: 7/3/2024 - J.R. 61(b)(13) - Last day for policy committees to meet and report bills.

AB 2285 (RENDON D) NATURAL RESOURCES: EQUITABLE OUTDOOR ACCESS: 30X30 GOAL: URBAN NATURE-BASED PROJECTS.

Amended: 4/15/2024

Status: 4/15/2024-Read second time and amended.

Location: 4/9/2024-A. APPR.

Summary: By Executive Order No. N-82-20, Governor Gavin Newsom directed the Natural Resources Agency to combat the biodiversity and climate crises by, among other things, establishing the California Biodiversity Collaborative and conserving at

least 30% of the state's lands and coastal waters by 2030. Current law requires the Secretary of the Natural Resources Agency to prepare and submit, on or before March 31, 2024, and annually thereafter, a report to the Legislature on the progress made in the prior calendar year toward achieving the goal to conserve 30% of California's lands and coastal waters by 2030. Current law provides that it is the goal of the state to conserve at least 30% of California's lands and coastal waters by 2030, known as the 30x30 goal. This bill would provide that, to advance and promote environmental, conservation, and public access policies and budget actions, the Governor's office, state agencies, and the Legislature, when distributing resources, shall aspire to recognize the coequal goals and benefits of the 30x30 goal and Outdoors for All, and, to the extent practical, maximize investment in urban communities consistent with those initiatives. The bill would encourage decisionmakers, when distributing resources to achieve the goals and benefits of the 30x30 goal and Outdoors for All, to consider factors that are unique to urban settings, including, among other things, higher land value acquisition and development costs per acre, the acute health needs of a local population due to historic lack of greenspace access and development externalities, local park needs assessment plans, and the availability of mobility options near a proposed land conservation site.

Next Deadline: 5/17/2024 - J.R. 61(b)(8) - Last day for fiscal committees to hear and report to the Floor bills introduced in their house.

AB 2465 (GIPSON D) EQUITY: SOCIALLY DISADVANTAGED GROUPS AND ORGANIZATIONS: NONPROFIT ORGANIZATIONS: GRANTS.

Amended: 4/10/2024

Status: 4/11/2024-Re-referred to Com. on W., P., & W.

Location: 4/9/2024-A. W.,P. & W.

Calendar: 4/23/2024 9 a.m. - State Capitol, Room 444 ASM WATER, PARKS AND WILDLIFE PAPAN, DIANE, Chair

Summary: The Farmer Equity Act of 2017 requires the Department of Food and Agriculture to ensure the inclusion of socially disadvantaged farmers and ranchers,

defined as a member of a socially disadvantaged group, as defined, in the development, adoption, implementation, and enforcement of food and agriculture laws, regulations, and policies and programs, as specified. This bill would expand the definition of socially disadvantaged group to include descendants of enslaved persons in the United States. This bill would also require the entities such as the Delta Conservancy, until January 1, 2031, when awarding grants, to prioritize the awarding of grant funding to socially disadvantaged organizations, as defined.

Next Deadline: 4/26/2024 - J.R. 61(b)(5) - Last day for policy committees to hear and report to fiscal committees fiscal bills introduced in their house.

AB 2558 (HART D) DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION: PROJECTS: FISH PASSAGE.

Introduced: 2/14/2024

Status: 4/2/2024-From committee: Do pass and re-refer to Com. on W., P., & W. (Ayes 12. Noes 0.) (April 1). Re-referred to Com. on W., P., & W.

Location: 4/1/2024-A. W.,P. & W.

Calendar: 4/23/2024 9 a.m. - State Capitol, Room 444 ASM WATER, PARKS AND WILDLIFE PAPAN, DIANE, Chair

Summary: Current law, through the year 2025, requires the Department of Transportation to prepare an annual report to the Legislature describing the status of the department's progress in locating, assessing, and remediating barriers to fish passage. Current law requires the department to pursue development of a programmatic environmental review process with appropriate state and federal regulatory agencies for remediating barriers to fish passage that will streamline the permitting process for projects. This bill would extend this annual reporting requirement until the year 2030 and would require the reports to include other specified information. The bill would impose a deadline of January 1, 2026, for the department to implement the programmatic environmental review process.

Next Deadline: 4/26/2024 - J.R. 61(b)(5) - Last day for policy committees to hear and report to fiscal committees fiscal bills introduced in their house.

AB 2614 (RAMOS D) WATER POLICY: CALIFORNIA TRIBAL COMMUNITIES.

Amended: 3/21/2024

Status: 4/10/2024-Coauthors revised. From committee: Do pass and re-refer to Com. on W., P., & W. (Ayes 6. Noes 0.) (April 9). Re-referred to Com. on W., P., & W.

Location: 4/10/2024-A. W.,P. & W.

Summary: The Porter-Cologne Water Quality Control Act establishes a statewide program for the control of the quality of all the waters in the state and makes certain legislative findings and declarations. Existing law defines the term “beneficial uses” for the purposes of water quality as certain waters of the state that may be protected against quality degradation, to include, among others, domestic, municipal, agricultural, and industrial supplies. This bill would add findings and declarations related to California tribal communities and the importance of protecting tribal water use, as those terms are defined. The bill would add tribal water uses as waters of the state that may be protected against quality degradation for purposes of the defined term “beneficial uses.”

Next Deadline: 4/26/2024 - J.R. 61(b)(5) - Last day for policy committees to hear and report to fiscal committees fiscal bills introduced in their house.

AB 2875 (FRIEDMAN D) WETLANDS: STATE POLICY.

Introduced: 2/15/2024

Status: 4/9/2024-From committee: Do pass and re-refer to Com. on APPR. (Ayes 14. Noes 0.) (April 9). Re-referred to Com. on APPR.

Location: 4/9/2024-A. APPR.

Calendar: 4/17/2024 9:30 a.m. - 1021 O Street, Room 1100 ASM APPROPRIATIONS
WICKS, BUFFY, Chair

Summary: Existing law, the Keene-Nejedly California Wetlands Preservation Act, requires the Natural Resources Agency to prepare a plan for the acquisition, protection, preservation, restoration, and enhancement of wetlands, including

funding requirements and the priority status of specific proposed wetlands projects. By Executive Order No. W-59-93, former Governor Pete Wilson declared it to be the policy of the state that its Comprehensive Wetlands Policy rests on three primary objectives, including the objective of ensuring no overall net loss and long-term net gain in the quantity, quality, and permanence of wetlands acreage and values, as provided. This bill would declare that it is the policy of the state to ensure no net loss and long-term gain in the quantity, quality, and permanence of wetlands acreage and values in California. The bill would make related legislative findings and declarations.

Next Deadline: 4/26/2024 - J.R. 61(b)(5) - Last day for policy committees to hear and report to fiscal committees fiscal bills introduced in their house.

**AB 3017 (HART D) STATE-FUNDED ASSISTANCE GRANTS AND CONTRACTS:
ADVANCE PAYMENTS: TRIBES.**

Introduced: 2/16/2024

Status: 4/4/2024-Coauthors revised. From committee: Do pass and re-refer to Com. on APPR. with recommendation: To Consent Calendar. (Ayes 21. Noes 0.) (April 3). Re-referred to Com. on APPR.

Location: 2/16/2024-A. APPR.

Summary: Current law authorizes specified state departments and authorities, upon determination that an advance payment is essential for the effective implementation of a program, to advance to a community-based private nonprofit agency with which it has contracted for the delivery of services funds not exceeding 25% of the annual allocation to be made to the agency during the fiscal year. Current law authorizes an administering state agency to advance a payment to a recipient entity, defined to mean a private, nonprofit organization qualified under federal law, subject to meeting specified requirements. Current law requires the administering state agency to prioritize recipient entities and projects serving disadvantaged, low-income, and under-resourced communities, and to ensure an advance payment to the recipient entity does not exceed 25% of the total grant or contract amount. Current law requires the recipient entity to satisfy certain minimum requirements, including providing an itemized budget, submitting

documentation, as required by the administering state agency, to support the need for advance payment, and demonstrating its current status in good standing as an organization exempt from taxation under federal law. Existing law declares the intent of the Legislature to improve and expand the state's existing advance payment practices for state grants and contracts with nonprofits. This bill would include within the definition of a recipient entity, a federally recognized Indian tribe whose territorial boundaries lie wholly or partially within the State of California, and any agencies, entities, or arms of the tribe, as applicable, either together or separately.

Next Deadline: 4/26/2024 - J.R. 61(b)(5) - Last day for policy committees to hear and report to fiscal committees fiscal bills introduced in their house.

**AB 3023 (PAPAN D) WILDFIRE AND FOREST RESILIENCE TASK FORCE:
RESTORATION PLANS: FOREST RESILIENCE ACTIONS.**

Amended: 4/2/2024

Status: 4/10/2024-In committee: Set, first hearing. Hearing canceled at the request of author.

Location: 3/21/2024-A. NAT. RES.

Calendar: 4/22/2024 Upon adjournment of Session - State Capitol, Room 447 ASM
NATURAL RESOURCES BRYAN, ISAAC, Chair

Summary: Current law establishes the Wildfire and Forest Resilience Task Force and requires the task force to develop a comprehensive implementation strategy to track and ensure the achievement of the goals and key actions identified in the state's "Wildfire and Forest Resilience Action Plan" issued by the task force in January 2021. Current law declares that the Department of Forestry and Fire Protection has extensive technical expertise in wildland fire prevention and vegetation management on forest, range, and watershed land, and, when appropriately applied, this expertise can have significant public resource benefits, including decreasing high-intensity wildland fires, improving watershed management, and improving carbon resilience, among other benefits. This bill would require the state to align watershed restoration plans and initiatives with

forest resilience actions to achieve more integrated and holistic outcomes. The bill would require the state to coordinate relevant boards, departments, and other stakeholders to incorporate planning for permanent conservation into forest and watershed restoration actions to ensure that landscapes are protected and managed for climate resilience.

Next Deadline: 4/26/2024 - J.R. 61(b)(5) - Last day for policy committees to hear and report to fiscal committees fiscal bills introduced in their house.

ACA 2 (ALANIS R) PUBLIC RESOURCES: WATER AND WILDFIRE RESILIENCY ACT OF 2023.

Introduced: 12/5/2022

Status: 3/19/2024-In committee: Set, first hearing. Hearing canceled at the request of author.

Location: 4/20/2023-A. W.,P. & W.

Summary: Would establish the Water and Wildfire Resiliency Fund within the State Treasury, and would require the Treasurer to annually transfer an amount equal to 3% of all state revenues that may be appropriated as described from the General Fund to the Water and Wildfire Resiliency Fund. The measure would require the moneys in the fund to be appropriated by the Legislature and would require that 50% of the moneys in the fund be used for water projects, as specified, and that the other 50% of the moneys in the fund be used for forest maintenance and health projects, as specified.

Next Deadline: Exempt

SB 231 (HURTADO D) DEPARTMENT OF WATER RESOURCES: WATER SUPPLY FORECASTING.

Last Amend: 7/12/2023

Status: 9/1/2023-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(11). (Last location was APPR. SUSPENSE FILE on 8/23/2023)(May be acted upon Jan 2024)

Location: 9/1/2023-A. 2 YEAR

Summary: Would require the Department of Water Resources, on or before December 31, 2025, to establish a formal process for annually evaluating and improving the accuracy of its water supply forecasts, adopt a new water supply forecasting model that better addresses the effects of climate change, and implement a formal policy and procedures for documenting its operational plans for the state's water supply and its rationale for its operating procedures. The bill would require the department, by December 1, 2024, to prepare, and submit to the Legislature, a report on its progress toward meeting these requirements.

Next Deadline: 8/16/2024 - J.R. 61(b)(14) - Last day for fiscal committees to meet and report bills.

SB 366 (CABALLERO D) THE CALIFORNIA WATER PLAN: LONG-TERM SUPPLY TARGETS.

Last Amend: 4/8/2024

Status: 4/8/2024-From committee with author's amendments. Read second time and amended. Re-referred to Com. on W., P., & W.

Location: 6/8/2023-A. W.,P. & W.

Summary: Current law requires the Department of Water Resources to update every 5 years the plan for the orderly and coordinated control, protection, conservation, development, and use of the water resources of the state, which is known as "The California Water Plan." Current law requires the department to include a discussion of various strategies in the plan update, including, but not limited to, strategies relating to the development of new water storage facilities,

water conservation, water recycling, desalination, conjunctive use, water transfers, and alternative pricing policies that may be pursued in order to meet the future needs of the state. Current law requires the department to establish an advisory committee to assist the department in updating the plan. This bill would revise and recast certain provisions regarding The California Water Plan to, among other things, require the department to instead establish a stakeholder advisory committee and to expand the membership of the committee to include tribes, labor, and environmental justice interests. The bill would require the department to coordinate with the California Water Commission, the State Water Resources Control Board, other state and federal agencies as appropriate, and the stakeholder advisory committee to develop a comprehensive plan for addressing the state's water needs and meeting specified long-term water supply targets established by the bill for purposes of The California Water Plan. The bill would require the plan to provide recommendations and strategies to ensure enough water supply for all designated beneficial uses.

Next Deadline: 7/3/2024 - J.R. 61(b)(13) - Last day for policy committees to meet and report bills.

SB 586 (EGGMAN D) FLOOD MANAGEMENT: MOSSDALE TRACT.

Last Amend: 4/4/2024

Status: 4/11/2024-Read third time. Urgency clause adopted. Passed. Ordered to the Senate. In Senate. Concurrence in Assembly amendments pending.

Location: 4/11/2024-S. CONCURRENCE

Calendar: 4/18/2024 #13 SEN UNFINISHED BUSINESS

Summary: Current law provides that unless a city or county within the Sacramento-San Joaquin Valley makes certain findings after the effective date of specified amendments to its general plan and zoning ordinance, the Planning and Zoning Law prohibits a city or county from entering into a development agreement for property located in a flood hazard zone; approving a discretionary permit, ministerial permit, or other discretionary entitlement for a project that is located within a flood hazard zone, as specified; or approving a tentative map, or a parcel

map for which a tentative map was not required, for a subdivision that is located within a flood hazard zone. Those findings include, among others, that the local flood management agency has made adequate progress on the construction of a flood protection system that will result in flood protection equal to or greater than the urban level of flood protection in urban or urbanizing areas. Current law further requires urban and urbanizing areas protected by any levee that is part of the facilities of the State Plan of Flood Control to achieve the urban level of flood protection by 2025, with a specified exception to the deadline for the Mossdale Tract to achieve the urban level of flood protection by 2028 and for the City of West Sacramento to achieve the urban level of flood protection by 2030. Current law authorizes the Department of Water Resources to require the San Joaquin Area Flood Control Agency and the West Sacramento Area Flood Control Agency to contribute its fair and reasonable share of any property damage caused by a flood to the extent that the state's exposure to liability for property damage has been increased by cities or counties unreasonably approving any new development in the Mossdale Tract between the years 2025 and 2028 and the City of West Sacramento between the years 2025 and 2030, respectively. This bill would extend the specified exception to the deadline for the Mossdale Tract and the City of West Sacramento to achieve the urban level of flood protection to 2040.

Next Deadline: Exempt

SB 638 (EGGMAN D) CLIMATE RESILIENCY AND FLOOD PROTECTION BOND ACT OF 2024.

Last Amend: 6/28/2023

Status: 7/6/2023 July 11 hearing postponed by committee.

Location: 6/15/2023 A - W.,P. & W.

Summary: Would enact the Climate Resiliency and Flood Protection Bond Act of 2024 which, if approved by the voters, would authorize the issuance of bonds in the amount of \$6,000,000,000 pursuant to the State General Obligation Bond Law, for flood protection and climate resiliency projects.

Next Deadline: Exempt

SB 867(ALLEN D) DROUGHT, FLOOD, AND WATER RESILIENCE, WILDFIRE AND FOREST RESILIENCE, COASTAL RESILIENCE, EXTREME HEAT MITIGATION, BIODIVERSITY AND NATURE-BASED CLIMATE SOLUTIONS, CLIMATE SMART AGRICULTURE, PARK CREATION AND OUTDOOR ACCESS, AND CLEAN ENERGY BOND ACT OF 2024.

Last Amend: 6/22/2023

Status: 7/6/2023-July 10 hearing postponed by committee.

Location: 6/20/2023-A. NAT. RES.

Summary: Would enact the Drought, Flood, and Water Resilience, Wildfire and Forest Resilience, Coastal Resilience, Extreme Heat Mitigation, Biodiversity and Nature-Based Climate Solutions, Climate Smart Agriculture, Park Creation and Outdoor Access, and Clean Energy Bond Act of 2024, which, if approved by the voters, would authorize the issuance of bonds in the amount of \$15,500,000,000 pursuant to the State General Obligation Bond Law to finance projects for drought, flood, and water resilience, wildfire and forest resilience, coastal resilience, extreme heat mitigation, biodiversity and nature-based climate solutions, climate smart agriculture, park creation and outdoor access, and clean energy programs.

Next Deadline: Exempt

SB 1139 (ASHBY D) FLOOD PROTECTION: CITY OF SACRAMENTO: SACRAMENTO AREA FLOOD CONTROL AGENCY.

Amended: 4/10/2024

Status: 4/10/2024-Read second time and amended. Re-referred to Com. on L. GOV.

Location: 4/9/2024-S. L. GOV.

Summary: Unless a city or county within the Sacramento-San Joaquin Valley makes certain findings after the effective date of specified amendments to its general plan, the Planning and Zoning Law prohibits a city or county from entering into a development agreement for property located in a flood hazard zone; approving a discretionary permit, ministerial permit, or other discretionary entitlement for a project that is located within a flood hazard zone, as specified; or approving a

tentative map, or a parcel map for which a tentative map was not required, for a subdivision that is located within a flood hazard zone. Those findings include, among others, that the local flood management agency has made adequate progress on the construction of a flood protection system that will result in flood protection equal to or greater than the urban level of flood protection in urban or urbanizing areas. Existing law further requires urban and urbanizing areas protected by any levee that is part of the facilities of the State Plan of Flood Control to achieve the urban level of flood protection by 2025. Current law extends that deadline to 2030 for the City of West Sacramento. This bill would extend that deadline for achieving the urban level of flood protection for the City of Sacramento to 2030. The bill would also make a related change regarding the potential liability of the Sacramento Area Flood Control Agency for property damage caused by a flood during that extended time period.

Next Deadline: 5/3/2024 - J.R. 61(b)(6) - Last day for policy committees to hear and report to the Floor nonfiscal bills introduced in their house.

SB 1330 (ARCHULETA D) URBAN RETAIL WATER SUPPLIER: WATER USE.

Amended: 3/19/2024

Status: 4/2/2024-Set for hearing April 23.

Location: 2/29/2024-S. N.R. & W.

Calendar: 4/23/2024 9 a.m. - 1021 O Street, Room 2100 SEN NATURAL RESOURCES AND WATER MIN, DAVE, Chair

Summary: Current law requires the Department of Water Resources, in coordination with the State Water Resources Control Board, to conduct necessary studies and investigations, and recommend for adoption by the board appropriate variances for unique uses that can have a material effect on an urban retail water supplier's urban water use objective. Current law requires the department, in recommending variances, to also recommend a threshold of significance for each recommended variance. Current law requires an urban retail water supplier to request and receive approval by the board for inclusion of a variance in calculating their water use objective. Current law requires the board to post specified

information on its internet website relating to variances, including a list of all urban retail water suppliers with approved variances. This bill would require the board to adopt variances recommended by the department for unique uses that can have a material effect on an urban retail water supplier's urban water use objective. The bill would provide that variances adopted by the board shall not be subject to a threshold of significance. The bill would require an urban retail water supplier to self-certify the amount of water included in its urban water use objective that is attributable to a variance.

Next Deadline: 4/26/2024 - J.R. 61(b)(5) - Last day for policy committees to hear and report to fiscal committees fiscal bills introduced in their house.

SB 1390 (CABALLERO D) GROUNDWATER RECHARGE: FLOODFLOWS: DIVERSION.

Introduced: 2/16/2024

Status: 4/2/2024-Set for hearing April 23.

Location: 2/29/2024-S. N.R. & W.

Calendar: 4/23/2024 9 a.m. - 1021 O Street, Room 2100 SEN NATURAL RESOURCES AND WATER MIN, DAVE, Chair

Summary: Current law declares that all water within the state is the property of the people of the state, but the right to the use of the water may be acquired by appropriation in the manner provided by law. Current law requires the appropriation to be for some useful or beneficial purpose. Current law provides, however, that the diversion of flood flows for groundwater recharge does not require an appropriative water right if certain conditions are met, including that a local or regional agency has adopted a local plan of flood control or has considered flood risks part of its most recently adopted general plan. Current law also requires the person or entity making the diversion to file with the State Water Resources Control Board a final report after the diversions cease, as provided. These requirements apply to diversions commenced before January 1, 2029. This bill would extend the operation of these requirements to diversions commenced before January 1, 2034. The bill would revise, recast, and expand the conditions that are required to be met to include a requirement that a local or regional agency

make a declaration that its proposed diversion is in accordance with one of certain enumerated plans relating to flood control or flood risk, as specified, or a county emergency operations plan.

Next Deadline: 4/26/2024 - J.R. 61(b)(5) - Last day for policy committees to hear and report to fiscal committees fiscal bills introduced in their house.

SB 1402 (MIN D) 30X30 GOAL: STATE AGENCIES: ADOPTION, REVISION, OR ESTABLISHMENT OF PLANS, POLICIES, AND REGULATIONS.

Amended: 4/10/2024

Status: 4/12/2024-Set for hearing April 23.

Location: 4/9/2024-S. N.R. & W.

Calendar: 4/23/2024 9 a.m. - 1021 O Street, Room 2100 SEN NATURAL RESOURCES AND WATER MIN, DAVE, Chair

Summary: Current law requires the Secretary of the Natural Resources Agency to prepare and submit, on or before March 31, 2024, and annually thereafter, a report to the Legislature on the progress made in the prior calendar year toward achieving the goal to conserve 30% of California's lands and coastal waters by 2030. Current law provides that it is the goal of the state to conserve at least 30% of California's lands and coastal waters by 2030, known as the 30x30 goal. This bill would require all state agencies, departments, boards, offices, commissions, and conservancies to consider the 30x30 goal when adopting, revising, or establishing plans, policies, and regulations that directly affect land use, management of natural resources, water use and quality, or biodiversity conservation.

Next Deadline: 4/26/2024 - J.R. 61(b)(5) - Last day for policy committees to hear and report to fiscal committees fiscal bills introduced in their house.