

DELTA STEWARDSHIP COUNCIL: MAY 2023 LEGISLATIVE REPORT

Bills of Interest

AB 30 (WARD D) ATMOSPHERIC RIVERS: RESEARCH, MITIGATION, AND CLIMATE FORECASTING PROGRAM.

Introduced: 12/5/2022

Status: 5/22/2023-Read third time. Passed. Ordered to the Senate.

Is Fiscal: Y

Location: 5/18/2023-A. THIRD READING

Summary: Current law establishes the Atmospheric Rivers: Research, Mitigation, and Climate Forecasting Program in the Department of Water Resources. Current law requires the department, upon an appropriation for purposes of the program, to research climate forecasting and the causes and impacts that climate change has on atmospheric rivers, to operate reservoirs in a manner that improves flood protection, and to reoperate flood control and water storage facilities to capture water generated by atmospheric rivers. This bill would rename that program the Atmospheric Rivers Research and Forecast Improvement Program: Enabling Climate Adaptation Through Forecast-Informed Reservoir Operations and Hazard Resiliency (AR/FIRO) Program. The bill would require the department to research, develop, and implement new observations, prediction models, novel forecasting methods, and tailored decision support systems to improve predictions of atmospheric rivers and their impacts on water supply, flooding, post-wildfire debris flows, and environmental conditions.

Highlight – New bill, amended, or other action of note since last Council meeting

AB 45 (BOERNER HORVATH D) COASTAL RESOURCES: COASTAL DEVELOPMENT PERMITS: BLUE CARBON DEMONSTRATION PROJECTS: NEW DEVELOPMENT: GREENHOUSE GAS EMISSIONS.

Introduced: 12/5/2022

Last Amend: 3/15/2023

Status: 5/18/2023-From committee: Do pass. (Ayes 11. Noes 4.) (May 18). Read second time. Ordered to third reading.

Is Fiscal: Y

Location: 5/18/2023-A. THIRD READING

Calendar: 5/25/2023 #69 ASSEMBLY THIRD READING FILE - ASSEMBLY BILLS

Summary: The California Coastal Act of 1976, among other things, requires anyone wishing to perform or undertake any development in the coastal zone, except as specified, in addition to obtaining any other permit required by law from any local government or from any state, regional, or local agency, to obtain a coastal development permit from the California Coastal Commission, as provided. This bill would authorize the commission to authorize blue carbon demonstration projects, as defined, in order to demonstrate and quantify the carbon sequestration potential of these projects to help inform the state's natural and working lands and climate resilience strategies. The bill would, among other things, authorize the commission to require an applicant with a project that impacts coastal wetland, subtidal, intertidal, or marine habitats or ecosystems to build or contribute to a blue carbon demonstration project.

AB 62 (MATHIS R) STATEWIDE WATER STORAGE: EXPANSION.

Introduced: 12/6/2022

Last Amend: 4/20/2023

Status: 5/19/2023-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(5). (Last location was APPR. SUSPENSE FILE on 5/10/2023)(May be acted upon Jan 2024)

Is Fiscal: Y

Location: 5/19/2023-A. 2 YEAR

Summary: Current law establishes within the Natural Resources Agency the State Water Resources Control Board and the California regional water quality control boards. Current law requires the work of the state board to be divided into at least 2 divisions, known as the Division of Water Rights and the Division of Water Quality. This bill would establish a statewide goal to increase above- and below-ground water storage capacity by a total of 3,700,000 acre-feet by the year 2030 and a total of 4,000,000 acre-feet by the year 2040. The bill would require the Department of Water Resources, in consultation with the state board, to take reasonable actions to promote or assist efforts to achieve the statewide goal, as provided. The bill would require the department, beginning July 1, 2027, and on or before July 1 every 2 years thereafter until January 1, 2043, in consultation with the state board, to prepare and submit a report to the Legislature on the progress made to achieve the statewide goal.

AB 64 (MATHIS R) BEAVER RESTORATION.

Introduced: 12/6/2022

Amended: 4/13/2023

Status: 5/19/2023-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(5). (Last location was APPR. SUSPENSE FILE on 5/10/2023)(May be acted upon Jan 2024)

Is Fiscal: Y

Location: 5/19/2023-A. 2 YEAR

Summary: Would require the Department of Fish and Wildlife to, through consultation with beaver restoration program partners, as defined, develop a program to promote beaver restoration across California, as provided. The bill would, no later than January 1, 2025, require the department to expand the program by, among other things, developing a licensing scheme that includes the issuance and administration of permits for the capture, handling, transport, and release of beavers on public and private lands, except as specified.

AB 66 (MATHIS R) NATURAL RESOURCES AGENCY: WATER STORAGE PROJECTS: PERMIT APPROVAL.

Introduced: 12/6/2022

Last Amend: 3/29/2023

Status: 5/19/2023-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(5). (Last location was APPR. SUSPENSE FILE on 4/19/2023)(May be acted upon Jan 2024)

Is Fiscal: Y

Location: 5/19/2023-A. 2 YEAR

Summary: Current law establishes the Natural Resources Agency, composed of departments, boards, conservancies, and commissions responsible for the restoration, protection, and management of the state's natural and cultural resources. Current law establishes in the agency the Department of Water Resources, which manages and undertakes planning with regard to water resources in the state. This bill would require the agency, and each department,

board, conservancy, and commission within the agency, to take all reasonable steps to approve the necessary permits for specified projects that meet certain employment conditions within 180 days from receiving a complete permit application.

AB 225 (GRAYSON D) REAL PROPERTY: ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS BOOKLET.

Introduced: 1/11/2023

Status: 5/22/2023-Read third time. Passed. Ordered to the Senate.

Is Fiscal: Y

Location: 5/22/2023-S. DESK

Summary: Current law requires the Department of Real Estate to develop a booklet to educate and inform consumers on, among other things, common environmental hazards that are located on, and affect, real property. Current law requires the types of common environmental hazards to include, but not be limited to, asbestos, radon gas, lead-based paint, formaldehyde, fuel and chemical storage tanks, and water and soil contamination. This bill would express the intent of the Legislature that when the booklet is next updated, as existing resources permit or as private resources are made available, it be updated to include 3 new sections on wildfires, climate change, and sea level rise, as specified. The bill would require the State Department of Public Health to seek the advice and assistance of departments within the Natural Resources Agency in the writing of the booklet, as specified.

AB 305 (VILLAPUDUA D) CALIFORNIA FLOOD PROTECTION BOND ACT OF 2024.

Introduced: 1/26/2023

Last Amend: 4/25/2023

Status: 5/18/2023-From committee: Do pass. (Ayes 13. Noes 1.) (May 18). Read second time. Ordered to third reading.

Is Fiscal: Y

Location: 5/18/2023-A. THIRD READING

Calendar: 5/25/2023 #92 ASSEMBLY THIRD READING FILE - ASSEMBLY BILLS

Summary: Would enact the California Flood Protection Bond Act of 2024 which, if approved by the voters, would authorize the issuance of bonds in the amount of \$4,500,000,000 pursuant to the State General Obligation Bond Law for flood protection projects, as specified. The bill would provide for the submission of these provisions to the voters at the November 5, 2024, statewide general election.

AB 345 (WILSON D) HABITAT RESTORATION: FLOOD CONTROL: ADVANCE PAYMENTS.

Introduced: 1/31/2023

Last Amend: 3/20/2023

Status: 5/18/2023-From committee: Do pass. (Ayes 15. Noes 0.) (May 18). Read second time. Ordered to third reading.

Is Fiscal: Y

Location: 5/18/2023-A. THIRD READING

Calendar: 5/25/2023 #102 ASSEMBLY THIRD READING FILE - ASSEMBLY BILLS

Summary: Current law authorizes the Department of Water Resources to make examinations of lands subject to inundation and overflow by floodwaters and of the waters causing the inundation or overflow and to make plans and estimates of the cost of works to regulate and control the floodwaters. Current law also vests in the department charge of all expenditures unless otherwise provided by law for all

public works relating to general river and harbor improvements, including reclamation and drainage of lands. Current law authorizes the department to cooperate and contract with any agency of the state or of the United States in order to carry out its powers and purposes. Current law establishes the Central Valley Flood Protection Board and authorizes the board to engage in various flood control activities along the Sacramento River, the San Joaquin River, their tributaries, and related areas. This bill would authorize the department or the board to provide advance payments, as defined, to local agencies for projects that restore habitat for threatened and endangered species under state or federal law or improve flood protection, as provided. The bill would prohibit the amount of funds advanced by the department or the board to the local agency at any one time from exceeding 25% of the entire amount authorized to be provided under the funding agreement.

AB 350 (AGUIAR-CURRY D) REGIONAL TRANSPORTATION PLANS: SACRAMENTO AREA COUNCIL OF GOVERNMENTS.

Introduced: 1/31/2023

Last Amend: 3/30/2023

Status: 5/18/2023-Read third time. Passed. Ordered to the Senate. In Senate. Read first time. To Com. on RLS. for assignment.

Is Fiscal: Y

Location: 5/18/2023-S. RLS.

Summary: Current law requires each regional transportation plan to include, among other things, a sustainable communities strategy prepared by each metropolitan planning organization, as specified, which is designed to achieve certain targets for 2020 and 2035 established by the State Air Resources Board for the reduction of greenhouse gas emissions from automobiles and light trucks in the region. After adopting a sustainable communities strategy, current law requires a metropolitan planning organization to submit the strategy to the state board for review to determine whether the strategy, if implemented, would achieve the greenhouse gas emission reduction targets. Current law requires each transportation planning agency to adopt and submit to the California Transportation Commission and the Department of Transportation an updated regional transportation plan every 4 or 5 years, as specified. This bill would require

the updated regional transportation plan, sustainable communities strategy, and environmental impact report adopted by the Sacramento Area Council of Governments (SACOG) on November 18, 2019, to remain in effect for all purposes until the SACOG adopts its next update to its regional transportation plan, which the bill would require it to adopt and submit on or before December 31, 2025.

AB 422 (ALANIS R) NATURAL RESOURCES AGENCY: STATEWIDE WATER STORAGE: TRACKING.

Introduced: 2/2/2023

Status: 4/28/23 Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(2). (Last location was W.,P. & W. on 2/9/2023)(May be acted upon Jan 2024)

Is Fiscal: Y

Location: 4/28/23 A-2 YEAR

Summary: Would require the Natural Resources Agency, on or before June 1, 2024, to post on its publicly available internet website information tracking the progress to increase statewide water storage, and to keep that information updated.

AB 437(JACKSON D) STATE GOVERNMENT: EQUITY.

Introduced: 2/6/2023

Last Amend: 5/18/2023

Status: 5/22/2023-Read second time. Ordered to third reading.

Is Fiscal: Y

Location: 5/22/2023-A. THIRD READING

Calendar: 5/25/2023 #470 ASSEMBLY THIRD READING FILE - ASSEMBLY BILLS

Summary: Current law creates, within the Government Operations Agency, a Chief Equity Officer, who is appointed by, and serves at the pleasure of, the Governor. Current law requires the Chief Equity Officer to improve equity and inclusion throughout state government operations and authorizes the Chief Equity Officer to engage with state entities for these purposes. This bill would require state agencies

and departments, in carrying out their duties, to consider the use of more inclusive practices to advance equity, as specified.

AB 460 (BAUER-KAHAN D) STATE WATER RESOURCES CONTROL BOARD: WATER RIGHTS AND USAGE: INTERIM RELIEF: PROCEDURES.

Introduced: 2/6/2023

Last Amend: 5/18/2023

Status: 5/22/2023-Read second time. Ordered to third reading.

Is Fiscal: Y

Location: 5/22/2023-A. THIRD READING

Calendar: 5/25/2023 #474 ASSEMBLY THIRD READING FILE - ASSEMBLY BILLS

Summary: Current law authorizes the State Water Resources Control Board to investigate all streams, stream systems, lakes, or other bodies of water, take testimony relating to the rights to water or the use of water, and ascertain whether water filed upon or attempted to be appropriated is appropriated under the laws of the state. Current law requires the board to take appropriate actions to prevent waste or the unreasonable use of water. This bill would authorize the board, in conducting specified investigations or proceedings to inspect the property or facilities of a person or entity, as specified. The bill would authorize the board, if consent is denied for an inspection, to obtain an inspection warrant, as specified, or in the event of an emergency affecting public health and safety, to conduct an inspection without consent or a warrant.

AB 676 (BENNETT D) WATER: GENERAL STATE POLICY.

Introduced: 2/13/2023

Last Amend: 5/4/2023

Status: 5/22/2023-Read third time. Passed. Ordered to the Senate.

Is Fiscal: N

Location: 5/22/2023-S. DESK

Summary: Current law establishes various state water policies, including the policy that the use of water for domestic purposes is the highest use of water and that the next highest use is for irrigation. This bill would provide specific examples of the use of water for domestic purposes, including, but not limited to, sustenance of human beings and household conveniences.

AB 748 (VILLAPUDUA D) CALIFORNIA ABANDONED AND DERELICT COMMERCIAL VESSEL PROGRAM.

Introduced: 2/13/2023

Last Amend: 3/23/2023

Status: 5/18/2023-From committee: Do pass. (Ayes 15. Noes 0.) (May 18). Read second time. Ordered to third reading.

Is Fiscal: Y

Location: 5/18/2023-A. THIRD READING

Calendar: 5/25/2023 #203 ASSEMBLY THIRD READING FILE - ASSEMBLY BILLS

Summary: Would establish the California Abandoned and Derelict Commercial Vessel Program within the Natural Resources Agency, to be administered by the State Lands Commission, upon appropriation by the Legislature, to bring federal, state, and local agencies together to identify, prioritize, and fund the removal and proper disposal of abandoned and derelict commercial vessels and other debris from commercially navigable waters, as defined. The bill would require the commission, upon appropriation by the Legislature, on or before July 1, 2025, to

create, and regularly update and maintain thereafter, an inventory of abandoned and derelict commercial vessels on or in commercially navigable waters, as provided, and, on or before July 1, 2026, to develop a plan to prevent or reduce abandoned and derelict commercial vessels on or in commercially navigable waters, as provided.

AB 754 (PAPAN D) WATER MANAGEMENT PLANNING: WATER SHORTAGES.

Introduced: 2/13/2023

Last Amend: 5/18/2023

Status: 5/18/2023-Read third time and amended. Ordered to third reading.

Is Fiscal: Y

Location: 5/11/2023-A. THIRD READING

Calendar: 5/25/2023 #34 ASSEMBLY THIRD READING FILE - ASSEMBLY BILLS

Summary: The Urban Water Management Planning Act requires every public and private urban water supplier that directly or indirectly provides water for municipal purposes to prepare and adopt an urban water management plan. Current law requires an urban water management plan to quantify past, current, and projected water use, identifying the uses among water use sectors, including, among others, commercial, agricultural, and industrial. Current law requires an urban water management plan to identify and quantify, to the extent practicable, the existing and planned sources of water available to the supplier over a specified period of time, providing supporting and related information, including, among other things, a description of the management of each supply in correlation with the other identified supplies when multiple sources of water supply are identified. Current law requires an urban water management plan to include a narrative relating to water demand management measures implemented over the prior 5 years. This bill would require an urban water management plan to include in that narrative any demand management measures that have a significant impact on water used by downstream water rights holders.

**AB 809 (BENNETT D) SALMONID POPULATIONS: CALIFORNIA
MONITORING PROGRAM FUND.**

Introduced: 2/13/2023

Amended: 3/22/2023

Status: 5/18/2023-From committee: Do pass. (Ayes 14. Noes 1.) (May 18). Read second time. Ordered to third reading.

Is Fiscal: Y

Location: 5/18/2023-A. THIRD READING

Calendar: 5/25/2023 #216 ASSEMBLY THIRD READING FILE - ASSEMBLY BILLS

Summary: Would require the Department of Fish and Wildlife to establish the California Monitoring Program to collect comprehensive data on anadromous salmonid populations, in coordination with relevant federal and state agencies, to inform salmon and steelhead recovery, conservation, and management activities. The bill would establish the California Monitoring Program Fund in the State Treasury to, upon appropriation by the Legislature, support the program. The bill would specify the types of moneys that may be deposited into the fund and would make related findings and declarations. The bill would make operation of the above-mentioned provisions contingent upon an appropriation in the annual Budget Act or another statute for these purposes.

**AB 923 (BAUER-KAHAN D) FLOOD PLAIN RESTORATION PROJECTS:
CENTRAL VALLEY: STUDY.**

Introduced: 2/14/2023

Last Amend: 5/18/2023

Status: 5/22/2023-Read second time. Ordered to third reading.

Is Fiscal: Y

Location: 5/22/2023-A. THIRD READING

Calendar: 5/25/2023 #521 ASSEMBLY THIRD READING FILE - ASSEMBLY BILLS

Summary: Existing law authorizes the Department of Water Resources to make examinations of lands subject to inundation and overflow by floodwaters and of the waters causing the inundation or overflow and to make plans and estimates of the cost of works to regulate and control the floodwaters. This bill would require the board, in coordination with the department, to identify priority flood plain restoration or floodway expansion projects where increased flows due to climate change are likely to overwhelm existing flood protection infrastructure, as specified. The bill would require the department and the board to conduct broad stakeholder outreach to identify priority projects and would require that those projects provide at least 2 of 4 specified public benefits. The bill would require the board, upon the appropriation of funds for this purpose, to begin preconstruction activities, including acquisition of land, easements, or rights of way, to expedite the priority projects identified. This bill contains other existing laws.

AB 1024 (AGUIAR-CURRY D) WATER RIGHTS: SMALL IRRIGATION USE: LAKE OR STREAMBED ALTERATION AGREEMENTS.

Introduced: 2/15/2023

Amended: 5/18/2023

Status: 5/22/2023-Read second time. Ordered to third reading.

Is Fiscal: Y

Location: 5/22/2023-A. THIRD READING

Calendar: 5/25/2023 #533 ASSEMBLY THIRD READING FILE - ASSEMBLY BILLS

Summary: The Water Rights Permitting Reform Act of 1988 authorizes a person to obtain a right to appropriate water for a small domestic use, small irrigation use, or livestock stockpond use upon first registering the use, as those uses are defined by the act, with the State Water Resources Control Board and thereafter applying the water to reasonable and beneficial use with due diligence. The act requires the registration of water use to be made upon a form prescribed by the board that requires, among other things, a certification that the registrant has contacted a representative of the Department of Fish and Wildlife and has agreed to comply with conditions set forth by the department. The act requires the board to establish reasonable general conditions to which all appropriations made pursuant to the act are required to be subject, including, among other things, that all conditions lawfully required by the department are conditions upon the appropriations. The act provides that the board is not required to adopt general conditions for small irrigation use until the board determines that funds are available for that purpose, and that a registration for small irrigation use pursuant to the act is not authorized until the board establishes general conditions for small irrigation use to protect instream beneficial uses, as specified. This bill would require the board to give priority to adopting, on or before June 30, 2027, except as provided, general conditions that permit specified registrants to store water for small irrigation use during times of high streamflow in exchange for those registrants reducing diversions during periods of low streamflow, as specified.

AB 1196 (VILLAPUDUA D) WATER QUALITY, SUPPLY, AND INFRASTRUCTURE IMPROVEMENT ACT OF 2014.

Introduced: 2/16/2023

Status: 5/5/2023-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(3). (Last location was PRINT on 2/16/2023)(May be acted upon Jan 2024)

Is Fiscal: N

Location: 5/5/2023-A. 2 YEAR

Summary: The Water Quality, Supply, and Infrastructure Improvement Act of 2014, a bond act approved by the voters as Proposition 1 at the November 4, 2014, statewide general election, authorizes the issuance of general obligation bonds to finance a water quality, supply, and infrastructure improvement program, as specified. Under the bond act, \$520,000,000 is available, upon appropriation by the Legislature, for expenditures, grants, and loans for projects that improve water quality or help provide clean, safe, and reliable drinking water to all Californians. Current law requires projects eligible for this funding to help improve water quality for a beneficial use. This bill would make a nonsubstantive change to the latter provision.

AB 1205 (BAUER-KAHAN D) WATER RIGHTS: SALE, TRANSFER, OR LEASE: AGRICULTURAL LANDS.

Introduced: 2/16/2023

Last Amend: 5/8/2023

Status: 5/22/2023-Read third time. Passed. Ordered to the Senate.

Is Fiscal: N

Location: 5/22/2023-S. DESK

Summary: Would declare that the sale, transfer, or lease of an interest in any water right for profit, on or below agricultural lands within the state by an investment fund, shall not be considered a reasonable or beneficial use of water.

**AB 1284 (RAMOS D) TRIBAL ANCESTRAL LANDS AND WATERS:
COGOVERNANCE AND COMANAGEMENT AGREEMENTS.**

Introduced: 2/16/2023

Last Amend: 3/23/2023

Status: 5/19/2023-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(5). (Last location was APPR. SUSPENSE FILE on 4/26/2023)(May be acted upon Jan 2024)

Is Fiscal: Y

Location: 5/19/2023-A. 2 YEAR

Summary: Current law provides that the Legislature encourages the State of California and its agencies to consult on a government-to-government basis with federally recognized tribes and to consult with nonfederally recognized tribes and tribal organizations, as appropriate, in order to allow tribal officials the opportunity to provide meaningful and timely input in the development of policies, processes, programs, and projects that have tribal implications. Current law provides that the Legislature encourages the state and its agencies to consult with a federally recognized tribe, at the tribe's request for a government-to-government consultation on a specified agency action, within 60 days of the request. This bill would provide that the Legislature encourages the Natural Resources Agency, and its departments, conservancies, and commissions, to enter into cogovernance and comanagement agreements with federally recognized tribes. The bill would authorize the Secretary of the Natural Resources Agency to enter into agreements with federally recognized tribes for the purposes of shared responsibility, decisionmaking, and partnership in resource management and conservation within a tribe's ancestral lands and waters, and would require the secretary to be the signatory for the state for these agreements. The bill would authorize the secretary or a delegate, within 90 days of a federally recognized tribe's request, to begin government-to-government negotiations on cogovernance and comanagement agreements with the tribe.

**AB 1488 (WALLIS R) CALIFORNIA ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY ACT:
WATER CONVEYANCE OR STORAGE PROJECTS: JUDICIAL REVIEW.**

Introduced: 2/17/2023

Last Amend: 3/23/2023

Status: 4/28/2023-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(2). (Last location was NAT. RES. on 3/9/2023)(May be acted upon Jan 2024)

Is Fiscal: Y

Location: 4/28/2023-A. 2 YEAR

Summary: The Jobs and Economic Improvement Through Environmental Leadership Act of 2021 authorizes the Governor, until January 1, 2024, to certify environmental leadership development projects that meet specified requirements for certain streamlining benefits related to CEQA. The act, among other things, requires a lead agency to prepare the record of proceedings for an environmental leadership development project, as provided, and to include a specified notice in the draft EIR and final EIR. The act is repealed by its own term on January 1, 2026. This bill would extend the application of the act to water storage projects, water conveyance projects, and groundwater recharge projects that provide public benefits and drought preparedness. The bill would authorize the Governor, until January 1, 2025, to certify water storage projects, water conveyance projects, and groundwater recharge projects as environmental leadership development projects. The bill would make other conforming changes. Because a lead agency would be required to prepare the record of proceedings for water storage projects, water conveyance projects, and groundwater recharge projects pursuant to the act, this bill would impose a state-mandated local program.

AB 1495 (NGUYEN, STEPHANIE D) OFFICE OF TRIBAL AFFAIRS.

Introduced: 2/17/2023

Status: 4/28/2023-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(2). (Last location was PRINT on 2/17/2023)(May be acted upon Jan 2024)

Is Fiscal: Y

Location: 4/28/2023-A. 2 YEAR

Summary: Existing law establishes within the office of the Governor, the office of the Governor's Tribal Advisor, which is headed by the Governor's Tribal Advisor who is appointed by and serves at the pleasure of the Governor. This bill would establish within the office of the Governor, the Office of Tribal Affairs, which would be headed by the Secretary of the Office of Tribal Affairs, would manage the state's tribal programs, and would help tribes connect with state officers' tribal leads. The bill would establish a Deputy of Tribal Affairs in every state agency, as defined, and in every constitutional office, as defined. The bill would establish a Tribal Advisor position in the executive office of every state agency, as defined. The bill would require the Governor to appoint a Tribal Advisory Committee, as specified, to the Secretary of the Office of Tribal Affairs.

AB 1567 (GARCIA D) SAFE DRINKING WATER, WILDFIRE PREVENTION, DROUGHT PREPARATION, FLOOD PROTECTION, EXTREME HEAT MITIGATION, AND WORKFORCE DEVELOPMENT BOND ACT OF 2024.

Introduced: 2/17/2023

Last Amend: 4/26/2023

Status: 5/18/2023-Coauthors revised. From committee: Do pass. (Ayes 11. Noes 3.) (May 18). Read second time. Ordered to third reading.

Is Fiscal: Y

Location: 5/18/2023-A. THIRD READING

Calendar: 5/25/2023 #384 ASSEMBLY THIRD READING FILE - ASSEMBLY BILLS

Summary: The California Drought, Water, Parks, Climate, Coastal Protection, and Outdoor Access For All Act of 2018, approved by the voters as Proposition 68 at the June 5, 2018, statewide primary election, authorizes the issuance of bonds in the amount of \$4,100,000,000 pursuant to the State General Obligation Bond Law to finance a drought, water, parks, climate, coastal protection, and outdoor access for all program. Article XVI of the California Constitution requires measures authorizing general obligation bonds to specify the single object or work to be funded by the bonds and further requires a bond act to be approved by a 2/3 vote of each house of the Legislature and a majority of the voters. This bill would enact the Safe Drinking Water, Wildfire Prevention, Drought Preparation, Flood Protection, Extreme Heat Mitigation, and Workforce Development Bond Act of 2024, which, if approved by the voters, would authorize the issuance of bonds in the amount of \$15,105,000,000 pursuant to the State General Obligation Bond Law to finance projects for safe drinking water, wildfire prevention, drought preparation, flood protection, extreme heat mitigation, and workforce development programs. This bill contains other related provisions.

AB 1572 (FRIEDMAN D) POTABLE WATER: NONFUNCTIONAL TURF.

Introduced: 2/17/2023

Last Amend: 5/18/2023

Status: 5/22/2023-Read second time. Ordered to third reading..

Is Fiscal: Y

Location: 5/22/2023-A. THIRD READING

Calendar: 5/25/2023 #559 ASSEMBLY THIRD READING FILE - ASSEMBLY BILLS

Summary: (1)Existing law establishes various state water policies, including the policy that the use of water for domestic purposes is the highest use of water. This bill would make legislative findings and declarations concerning water use, including that the use of potable water to irrigate nonfunctional turf is wasteful and incompatible with state policy relating to climate change, water conservation, and reduced reliance on the Sacramento-San Joaquin Delta ecosystem. The bill would direct all appropriate state agencies to encourage and support the elimination of irrigation of nonfunctional turf with potable water. This bill contains other related provisions and other existing laws.

AB 1581 (KALRA D) DIVERSION OR OBSTRUCTION OF RIVERS, STREAMS, OR LAKES: LAKE OR STREAMBED ALTERATION AGREEMENT.

Introduced: 2/17/2023

Last Amend: 4/7/2023

Status: 5/18/2023-Joint Rule 62(a), file notice suspended. From committee: Do pass. (Ayes 15. Noes 0.) (May 18). Read second time. Ordered to third reading.

Is Fiscal: Y

Location: 5/18/2023-A. THIRD READING

Calendar: 5/25/2023 #387 ASSEMBLY THIRD READING FILE - ASSEMBLY BILLS

Summary: Would exempt certain individuals, public agencies, universities, zoological gardens, and scientific or educational institutions authorized to import,

export, take, or possess any endangered species, threatened species, or candidate species for scientific, educational, or management purposes from the requirement to obtain an agreement with the department, as specified. The bill would instead require these entities to submit to the department a written notification, fee, and, if applicable, a copy of proposed environmental protection measures authorized by other agencies' programmatic habitat restoration permits, as specified. The bill would require the department to notify the entity in writing whether the exemption applies within 60 days from the date that the notification is complete and the fee has been paid. Because a violation of this provision would be a crime, the bill would impose a state-mandated local program.

AB 1613 (BAINS D) SACRAMENTO-SAN JOAQUIN DELTA: SALINITY INTRUSION IN THE DELTA ACT.

Introduced: 2/17/2023

Last Amend: 3/16/2023

Status: 4/28/2023-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(2). (Last location was W., P. & W. on 3/16/2023)(May be acted upon Jan 2024)

Is Fiscal: Y

Location: 4/28/2023-A. 2 YEAR

Summary: Would enact the Salinity Intrusion in the Delta Act. The act would require the Department of Water Resources to identify strategic locations in the Sacramento-San Joaquin River Delta where barriers could be constructed to combat salinity intrusion that would reduce the need to contaminate fresh water. The bill would require the department to, at a minimum, identify strategic locations in specified areas. The bill would require the department to consult with the State Water Resources Control Board, the Department of Fish and Wildlife, the federal Bureau of Reclamation, and the United States Fish and Wildlife Service in carrying out these provisions.

AB 1648 (BAINS D) WATER: COLORADO RIVER CONSERVATION.

Introduced: 2/17/2023

Last Amend: 3/16/2023

Status: 4/28/2023-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(2). (Last location was W.,P. & W. on 3/16/2023)(May be acted upon Jan 2024)

Is Fiscal: Y

Location: 4/28/2023-A. 2 YEAR

Summary: Would prohibit the Metropolitan Water District of Southern California and the Department of Water and Power of the City of Los Angeles from achieving a reduction in, or conservation of, Colorado River water consumption required by an agreement with specified entities through increased water deliveries or imports from other regions of California, including the San Joaquin Valley and the Sacramento-San Joaquin Delta. The bill would require the Colorado River Board of California, the Department of Water Resources, and the State Water Resources Control Board to use their existing authority to enforce these provisions. The bill would specify that these provisions apply retroactively to January 1, 2023, and apply to any agreement entered into on or after that date.

ACA 2 (ALANIS R) PUBLIC RESOURCES: WATER AND WILDFIRE RESILIENCY ACT OF 2023.

Introduced: 12/5/2022

Status: 4/20/2023-Referred to Coms. on W., P., & W. and NAT. RES.

Is Fiscal: Y

Location: 4/20/2023-A. W.,P. & W.

Summary: Would establish the Water and Wildfire Resiliency Fund within the State Treasury, and would require the Treasurer to annually transfer an amount equal to 3% of all state revenues that may be appropriated as described from the General Fund to the Water and Wildfire Resiliency Fund. The measure would require the moneys in the fund to be appropriated by the Legislature and would require that 50% of the moneys in the fund be used for water projects, as specified, and that the

other 50% of the moneys in the fund be used for forest maintenance and health projects, as specified.

**SB 23 (CABALLERO D) WATER SUPPLY AND FLOOD RISK REDUCTION
PROJECTS: EXPEDITED PERMITTING.**

Introduced: 12/6/2022

Last amend: 5/1/2023

Status: 5/19/2023-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(5). (Last location was APPR. SUSPENSE FILE on 5/15/2023)(May be acted upon Jan 2024)

Is Fiscal: Y

Location: 5/19/2023-S. 2 YEAR

Summary: Current law prohibits an entity from substantially diverting or obstructing the natural flow of, or substantially changing or using any material from the bed, channel, or bank of, any river, stream, or lake, or deposit or dispose of debris, waste, or other material containing crumbled, flaked, or ground pavement where it may pass into any river, stream, or lake, except under specified conditions, including requiring the entity to send written notification to the Department of Fish and Wildlife regarding the activity in the manner prescribed by the department. This bill would require a project proponent, if already required to submit a notification to the department, to submit to the department the certified or adopted environmental review document, as applicable, for the activity in the notification. The bill would require the department, under prescribed circumstances, to take certain actions within specified timelines, or within a mutually agreed-to extension of time.

SB 231(HURTADO D) WATER MEASUREMENT.

Introduced: 1/23/2023

Last Amend: 4/20/2023

Status: 5/18/2023-From committee: Do pass. (Ayes 7. Noes 0.) (May 18). Read second time. Ordered to third reading.

Is Fiscal: Y

Location: 5/18/2023-S. THIRD READING

Calendar: 5/24/2023 #168 SENATE SENATE BILLS -THIRD READING FILE

Summary: Current law requires the Department of Water Resources, the State Water Resources Control Board, and the State Department of Public Health to coordinate the collection, management, and use of agricultural and urban water measurement information provided to each agency. Current law requires the board, in collaboration with the Department of Water Resources, the California Bay-Delta Authority or its successor agency, and the State Department of Public Health, to prepare and submit a report to the Legislature by January 1, 2009, evaluating the feasibility, estimated costs, and potential means of financing a coordinated water measurement database. This bill would require the board, in collaboration with the Department of Water Resources and the Delta Stewardship Council or its successor agency, to prepare and submit an update to the report to the Legislature by January 1, 2025, evaluating the feasibility, estimated costs, and potential means of financing a coordinated water measurement database, as specified.

SB 272 (LAIRD D) SEA LEVEL RISE: PLANNING AND ADAPTATION.

Introduced: 1/31/2023

Last Amend: 5/18/2023

Status: 5/22/2023-Read second time. Ordered to third reading.

Is Fiscal: Y

Location: 5/22/2023-S. THIRD READING

Calendar: 5/24/2023 #285 SENATE SENATE BILLS -THIRD READING FILE

Summary: Would require a local government, as defined, lying, in whole or in part, within the coastal zone, as defined, or within the jurisdiction of the San Francisco Bay Conservation and Development Commission, as defined, to implement sea level rise planning and adaptation through either submitting, and receiving approval for, a local coastal program, as defined, to the California Coastal Commission or submitting, and receiving approval for, a subregional San Francisco Bay shoreline resiliency plan to the San Francisco Bay Conservation and Development Commission, as applicable, on or before January 1, 2034, as provided. By imposing additional requirements on local governments, the bill would impose a state-mandated local program. The bill would require local governments that receive approval for sea level rise planning and adaptation on or before January 1, 2029, to be prioritized for sea level rise funding, upon appropriation by the Legislature, for the implementation of projects in the local government's approved sea level rise adaptation plan. The bill would require, on or before December 31, 2024, the California Coastal Commission, in close coordination with the Ocean Protection Council and the California Sea Level Rise State and Regional Support Collaborative, to establish guidelines for the preparation of that planning and adaptation.

SB 337 (MIN D) ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION: LANDS AND COASTAL WATERS CONSERVATION GOAL.

Introduced: 2/7/2023

Amended: 4/20/2023

Status: 5/15/2023-Read third time. Passed. (Ayes 29. Noes 5.) Ordered to the Assembly. In Assembly. Read first time. Held at Desk.

Is Fiscal: N

Location: 5/15/2023-A. DESK

Summary: Current law requires the Secretary of the Natural Resources Agency to prepare and submit, on or before March 31, 2024, and annually thereafter, a report to the Legislature on the progress made in the prior calendar year toward achieving the goal to conserve 30% of California's lands and coastal waters by 2030. This bill would provide that it is the goal of the state to conserve at least 30% of California's lands and coastal waters by 2030.

SB 361(DODD D) WATER RESOURCES: STREAM GAGES.

Introduced: 2/8/2023

Last Amend: 3/29/2023

Status: 5/19/2023-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(5). (Last location was APPR. SUSPENSE FILE on 4/17/2023)(May be acted upon Jan 2024)

Is Fiscal: Y

Location: 5/19/2023-S. 2 YEAR

Summary: Current law requires the Department of Water Resources and the State Water Resources Control Board, in consultation with the Department of Fish and Wildlife, the Department of Conservation, the Central Valley Flood Protection Board, interested stakeholders, and, to the extent they wish to consult, local agencies, to develop the plan to address significant gaps in information necessary for water management and the conservation of freshwater species. This bill would require the Department of Water Resources and the board, upon appropriation of funds by

the Legislature, to reactivate, upgrade, and install new stream gages, as provided. The bill would require the department and board to use the recommendations and data provided in the California Stream Gaging Prioritization Plan 2022 to complete specified actions by 2030. The bill would require the department to report to the Legislature, on or before January 1, 2026, and every 2 years thereafter, on progress made in completing those specified actions. The bill would require the data from all stream gages operating with any public money to be published as provisional data within 10 days of collection and made publicly available on the state's open water data platforms. The bill would require the department and board to develop and adopt a set of standards and processes for assessing, tracking, and reporting the accuracy of stream gages, evapotranspiration data, water meters, and other critical data inputs for water management, as provided. The bill would require the department and the board to consult with interested stakeholders to develop a plan to identify the gaps in the network of automated weather stations and eddy covariance towers to ensure accurate and comprehensive data collection.

SB 366 (CABALLERO D) THE CALIFORNIA WATER PLAN: LONG-TERM SUPPLY TARGETS.

Introduced: 2/8/2023

Last Amend: 4/27/2023

Status: 5/22/2023-From committee: Do pass as amended. (Ayes 7. Noes 0.) (May 18)

Is Fiscal: Y

Location: 5/8/2023-S. APPR. SUSPENSE FILE

Calendar: 5/24/2023 #4 SENATE SENATE BILLS - SECOND READING FILE

Summary: Would revise and recast certain provisions regarding The California Water Plan to, among other things, require the Department of Water Resources to instead establish a stakeholder advisory committee and to expand the membership of the committee to include tribes, labor, and environmental justice interests. The bill would require the department, in coordination with the California Water Commission, the State Water Resources Control Board, other state and federal agencies as appropriate, and the stakeholder advisory committee to develop a comprehensive plan for addressing the state's water needs and meeting specified long-term water supply targets established by the bill for purposes of "The

California Water Plan.” The bill would require the plan to provide recommendations and strategies to ensure enough water supply for all beneficial uses. The bill would require the plan to include specified components, including a discussion of various strategies that may be pursued in order to meet the water supply targets and an economic analysis. The bill would require the Director of Water Resources to provide an oral and written report annually to the relevant committees in the Legislature regarding the progress made toward meeting the water supply targets established by the department, as specified. The bill would also require the department to conduct public workshops to give interested parties an opportunity to comment on the plan and to post the preliminary draft of the plan on the department’s internet website.

**SB 389 (ALLEN D) STATE WATER RESOURCES CONTROL BOARD:
DETERMINATION OF WATER RIGHT**

Introduced: 2/9/2023

Last Amend: 4/27/2023

Status: 5/18/2023-From committee: Do pass. (Ayes 5. Noes 2.) (May 18). Read second time. Ordered to third reading.

Is Fiscal: Y

Location: 5/18/2023-S. THIRD READING

Calendar: 5/24/2023 #86 SENATE SENATE BILLS -THIRD READING FILE

Summary: Would, upon specified findings, authorize the State Water Resources Control Board to investigate the diversion and use of water from a stream system to determine whether the diversion and use are based upon appropriation, riparian right, or other basis of right, as specified.

SB 544(LAIRD D) BAGLEY-KEENE OPEN MEETING ACT: TELECONFERENCING.

Introduced: 2/15/2023

Last Amend: 4/27/2023

Status: 5/15/2023-Read third time. Passed. (Ayes 26. Noes 3.) Ordered to the Assembly. In Assembly. Read first time. Held at Desk.

Is Fiscal: Y

Location: 5/15/2023-A. DESK

Summary: The Bagley-Keene Open Meeting Act, requires, with specified exceptions, that all meetings of a state body be open and public and all persons be permitted to attend any meeting of a state body. The act authorizes meetings through teleconference subject to specified requirements, including, among others, that the state body post agendas at all teleconference locations, that each teleconference location be identified in the notice and agenda of the meeting or proceeding, that each teleconference location be accessible to the public, that the agenda provide an opportunity for members of the public to address the state body directly at each teleconference location, and that at least one member of the state body be physically present at the location specified in the notice of the meeting. This bill would amend existing law that will remain operative after July 1, 2023, to remove indefinitely the teleconference requirements that a state body post agendas at all teleconference locations, that each teleconference location be identified in the notice and agenda of the meeting or proceeding, and that each teleconference location be accessible to the public. The bill would require a state body to provide a means by which the public may remotely hear audio of the meeting, remotely observe the meeting, or attend the meeting by providing on the posted agenda a teleconference telephone number, an internet website or other online platform, and a physical address for at least one site, including, if available, access equivalent to the access for a member of the state body participating remotely.

SB 550 (GROVE R) WATER MARKETS.

Introduced: 2/15/2023

Last Amend: 3/20/2023

Status: 5/19/2023-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(5). (Last location was APPR. SUSPENSE FILE on 4/10/2023)(May be acted upon Jan 2024)

Is Fiscal: Y

Location: 5/19/2023-S. 2 YEAR

Summary: Would require, on or before January 1, 2025, the Legislative Analyst, in collaboration with the Department of Water Resources, the State Water Resources Control Board, and other state agencies, as described, to prepare and submit to the Legislature a report analyzing the water market, including background information regarding the sale of water and water rights, trends in the water market, barriers to entering the water market or effectively trading in the market, and proposals for improving the regulatory framework to make the water market more market friendly and to encourage growth.

SB 579 (UMBERG D) FISH: ANNUAL PROVISIONAL STOCKING DOCUMENT.

Introduced: 2/15/2023

Last Amend: 3/20/2023

Status: 5/18/2023-Referred to Com. on W., P., & W.

Is Fiscal: Y

Location: 5/18/2023-A. W.,P. & W.

Summary: Would require the Department of Fish and Wildlife, before January 1 of each year, to make publicly available on the department's internet website a specified annual document that contains conditional or provisional plans for freshwater fish plants. The bill would require the department, as part of this document, to include a disclaimer that states that the fish plants are not completely certain to occur as planned and that the department may not be able to adhere to the provisional stocking dates and places due to various unforeseen conditions, as

specified. The bill would also require the disclaimer to include a statement referring the public to the Fish Planting Schedule on the department's internet website for more up-to-date and accurate information about fish plants.

SB 586 (EGGMAN D) FLOOD MANAGEMENT: DEADLINES.

Introduced: 2/15/2023

Last Amend: 5/2/2023

Status: 5/22/2023-Read third time. Passed. (Ayes 40. Noes 0.) Ordered to the Assembly.

Is Fiscal: Y

Location: 5/22/2023-A. DESK

Summary: Current law provides that unless a city or county within the Sacramento-San Joaquin Valley makes certain findings after the effective date of specified amendments to its general plan and zoning ordinance, the Planning and Zoning Law prohibits a city or county from entering into a development agreement for property located in a flood hazard zone; approving a discretionary permit, ministerial permit, or other discretionary entitlement for a project that is located within a flood hazard zone, as specified; or approving a tentative map, or a parcel map for which a tentative map was not required, for a subdivision that is located within a flood hazard zone. Those findings include, among others, that the local flood management agency has made adequate progress on the construction of a flood protection system that will result in flood protection equal to or greater than the urban level of flood protection in urban or urbanizing areas. Current law further requires urban and urbanizing areas protected by any levee that is part of the facilities of the State Plan of Flood Control to achieve the urban level of flood protection by 2025, with specified exceptions to the deadline for the Mossdale Tract and West Sacramento. This bill would remove the specified exceptions to the deadline for the Mossdale Tract and West Sacramento, and instead provide that the deadline to achieve an urban level of protection, or to make adequate progress on the construction of a flood system providing an urban level of protection, does not apply to the Mossdale Tract and West Sacramento so long as a flood management agency has an active federal study, a completed federal study, or an authorized

federal project receiving or awaiting the receipt of federal appropriations to advance design, construction, or project closeout activities, as specified.

SB 638 (EGGMAN D) CLIMATE RESILIENCY AND FLOOD PROTECTION BOND ACT OF 2024.

Introduced: 2/16/2023

Last Amend: 5/18/2023

Status: 5/22/2023-Read second time. Ordered to third reading.

Is Fiscal: Y

Location: 5/22/2023-S. THIRD READING

Calendar: 5/24/2023 #340 SENATE SENATE BILLS -THIRD READING FILE

Summary: Would enact the Climate Resiliency and Flood Protection Bond Act of 2024 which, if approved by the voters, would authorize the issuance of bonds in the amount of \$6,000,000,000 pursuant to the State General Obligation Bond Law, for flood protection and climate resiliency projects.

SB 649(HURTADO D) CALIFORNIA ENDANGERED SPECIES ACT: INCIDENTAL TAKE PERMITS.

Introduced: 2/16/2023

Status: 4/28/2023-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(2). (Last location was N.R. & W. on 3/1/2023)(May be acted upon Jan 2024)

Is Fiscal: Y

Location: 4/28/2023-S. 2 YEAR

Summary: The California Endangered Species Act requires the Department of Fish and Wildlife to adopt regulations for issuance of incidental take permits. Existing law prohibits the department from issuing an incidental take permit if issuance of the permit would jeopardize the continued existence of the species. Existing law requires the department to make this determination based on the best scientific and other information that is reasonably available, and to include consideration of the species' capability to survive and reproduce, and any adverse impacts of the

taking on those abilities in light of (1) known population trends; (2) known threats to the species; and (3) reasonably foreseeable impacts on the species from other related projects and activities. This bill would require the department to make that decision based on a real-time monitoring system, rather than a calendar-based schedule, and to additionally consider the proximity of the species relative to the operation of a facility subject to the permit conditions and the known location of the population relative to the facility subject to the permit.

SB 651(GROVE R) WATER STORAGE AND RECHARGE: CALIFORNIA ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY ACT.

Introduced: 2/16/2023

Last Amend: 4/27/2023

Status: 5/18/2023-From committee: Do pass. (Ayes 6. Noes 1.) (May 18). Read second time. Ordered to third reading.

Is Fiscal: Y

Location: 5/18/2023-S. THIRD READING

Calendar: 5/24/2023 #121 SENATE SENATE BILLS -THIRD READING FILE

Summary: Would make it the policy of this state that, to help advance groundwater recharge projects, and to demonstrate the feasibility of projects that can use available high water flows to recharge local groundwater while minimizing flood risks, the State Water Resources Control Board and the regional water quality control boards prioritize water right permits, water quality certifications, waste discharge requirements, and conditional waivers of waste discharge requirements to accelerate approvals for projects that enhance the ability of a local or state agency to capture high precipitation events for local storage or recharge, consistent with water right priorities and protections for fish and wildlife.

SB 687(EGGMAN D) WATER QUALITY CONTROL PLAN: DELTA CONVEYANCE PROJECT.

Introduced: 2/16/2023

Last Amend: 5/2/2023

Status: 5/19/2023-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(5). (Last location was APPR. SUSPENSE FILE on 5/8/2023)(May be acted upon Jan 2024)

Is Fiscal: Y

Location: 5/19/2023-S. 2 YEAR

Summary: Would require the State Water Resources Control Board to adopt a final update of the 1995 Water Quality Control Plan for the San Francisco Bay/Sacramento-San Joaquin Delta Estuary, as provided, before the board may consider a change in point diversion or any other water rights permit or order for the Delta Conveyance Project. The bill would also, if, after completing the update of the plan and in compliance with existing law, the board approves a change in point of diversion or any other water rights permit or order associated with the Delta Conveyance Project, prohibit the operation of the Delta Conveyance Project unless and until the updated plan is fully implemented. The bill would specify that these provisions do not constitute an authorization for or approval of funding for the Delta Conveyance Project or any other project that includes isolated Delta conveyance facilities, and do not reduce any statutory or other regulatory conditions or permit requirements for Delta conveyance projects.

SB 861(DAHLE R) CALIFORNIA ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY ACT: WATER CONVEYANCE OR STORAGE PROJECTS: JUDICIAL REVIEW.

Introduced: 2/17/2023

Last Amend: 4/24/2023

Status: 5/19/2023-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(5). (Last location was APPR. SUSPENSE FILE on 5/1/2023)(May be acted upon Jan 2024)

Is Fiscal: Y

Location: 5/19/2023-S. 2 YEAR

Summary: The California Environmental Quality Act requires a lead agency to prepare a mitigated negative declaration for a project that may have a significant effect on the environment if revisions in the project would avoid or mitigate that effect and there is no substantial evidence that the project, as revised, would have a significant effect on the environment. CEQA establishes a procedure by which a person may seek judicial review of the decision of the lead agency made pursuant to CEQA. This bill would require the Judicial Council to adopt rules of court applicable to actions or proceedings brought to attack, review, set aside, void, or annul the certification or adoption of an environmental impact report for specified water projects, as defined, or the granting of any project approvals, including any appeals to the court of appeal or the Supreme Court, to be resolved, to the extent feasible, within 270 days of the filing of the certified record of proceedings with the court to an action or proceeding seeking judicial review of the lead agency's action related to those projects. The bill would require the lead agency to prepare the record of proceedings for a project, as provided, and to include a specified notice in the draft EIR and final EIR for the project.

SB 867(ALLEN D) DROUGHT, FLOOD, AND WATER RESILIENCE, WILDFIRE AND FOREST RESILIENCE, COASTAL RESILIENCE, EXTREME HEAT MITIGATION, BIODIVERSITY AND NATURE-BASED CLIMATE SOLUTIONS, CLIMATE SMART AGRICULTURE, PARK CREATION AND OUTDOOR ACCESS, AND CLEAN ENERGY BOND ACT OF 2024.

Introduced: 2/17/2023

Last Amend: 5/18/2023

Status: 5/22/2023-Read second time. Ordered to third reading.

Is Fiscal: Y

Location: 5/22/2023-S. THIRD READING

Calendar: 5/24/2023 #360 SENATE SENATE BILLS -THIRD READING FILE

Summary: Would enact the Drought, Flood, and Water Resilience, Wildfire and Forest Resilience, Coastal Resilience, Extreme Heat Mitigation, Biodiversity and Nature-Based Climate Solutions, Climate Smart Agriculture, Park Creation and Outdoor Access, and Clean Energy Bond Act of 2024, which, if approved by the voters, would authorize the issuance of bonds in the amount of \$15,500,000,000 pursuant to the State General Obligation Bond Law to finance projects for drought, flood, and water resilience, wildfire and forest resilience, coastal resilience, extreme heat mitigation, biodiversity and nature-based climate solutions, climate smart agriculture, park creation and outdoor access, and clean energy programs.